

SAFETY DATA SHEET COATEST SP FACTOR VIII

Doc. ID: SDS00082408663_EN

Revision: 01 CO: 459894

Edited on: 10/21/2015

IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT AND OF THE COMPANY

Identification of the product

Product Name: COATEST SP FACTOR VIII

Product Number: **0082408663**

Use of the product: For in vitro diagnostic use

Company identification: MANUFACTURER:

Instrumentation Laboratory Co.

180 Hartwell Road,

Bedford, MA 01730-2443 (USA)

Tel. +1 800 678 0710 Fax +1 781 863 9928 <u>DISTRIBUTOR US/CANADA:</u> Instrumentation Laboratory Co.

526 Route 303

DISTRIBUTOR EU:

Via Leonardo da Vinci, 36

20877 Roncello (MB), Italy

Orangeburg, New York 10962 (USA)

E-mail address of the competent person: <u>infosds@mail.ilww.it</u>

Emergency phone: +44 (0) 3700 492 795

+1 215 207 0061 (USA and Canada)

INFORMATION ON COMPOSITION/HAZARD OF THE PRODUCT

P/N Mixture name		Mixture classification According to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS) Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015)	Mixture classification According to 1272/2008/EC Regulation	Kit configuration	
000654638LSP	CaCl ₂	Not classified	Not classified	1 x 6 ml	
000654645LSP	Factor IXa + Factor X 9.2 IU	Sensitization-Respiratory, cat. 1	Resp. sens. 1, H334	1 x 6.7 g	
000654089L S-2765 15.4 mg + I-2581 000654087L Buffer, stock solution		Not classified	Not classified	1 x 4.0 g	
		Not classified	Not classified	1 x 20 ml	
000654088L	Phospholipid	Not classified	Not classified	1 x 2 ml	

Disclaimer

This document is intended only as a guide to appropriate precautionary handling of this product by a trained person, or supervised by a person trained in chemical handling. The product shall not be used for purposes different from those indicated in section 1, unless having received suitable written instructions on how to handle the material. Use the product in accordance with the Good Laboratory Practice. This document cannot describe all potential dangers of use or interaction with other chemicals or materials. It is the user's responsibility for the product's safe use, the product's suitability for the intended use and the product's safe disposal. No representation or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or of any other nature are made hereunder with respect to the information set forth herein or to the product to which the information refers. The contained information in this SDS are in accordance with Annex II of the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) and its subsequent amendments, in accordance with Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012) as recommended by US OSHA, and in accordance with Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015) as recommended by Health Canada (HC).

Prepared by: Chemsafe Srl



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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

1.1 Identification of the mixture

Product Name: CaCl₂

Product Number: 000654638LSP

1.2 Use of the mixture:

Relevant use: For in vitro diagnostic use.

Uses advised against: There are no specific uses advised against.

1.3 Company identification: **MANUFACTURER:**

Instrumentation Laboratory Co. 180 Hartwell Road,

Bedford, MA 01730-2443 (USA)

Tel. +1 800 678 0710 Fax +1 781 863 9928 Via Leonardo da Vinci, 36 20877 Roncello (MB), Italy

DISTRIBUTOR US/CANADA: Instrumentation Laboratory Co.

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E-mail address of the competent person: infosds@mail.ilww.it 1.4 Emergency phone: +44 (0) 3700 492 795

+1 215 207 0061 (USA and Canada)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the mixture:

This product is not hazardous according to Regulations (EC) No 1272/2008, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015).

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
	Not classified	
		For exposure limits see ch. 8

Potential adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

(see also ch. 9-12)

Under normal conditions of use, the mixture does not cause adverse effects to humans and to the environment.

2.2 Label elements, according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Hazard pictogram(s):	None
Signal word(s):	None
Hazard statement(s):	None
Precautionary statement(s):	None
Other labeling details:	Safety data sheet available on request. (EUH210)

Use the product in accordance with the Good Laboratory Practice. Safety precautions:

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not let the product enter drainage system, surface and ground-water or soil. Do not empty into drains.

2.3 Other hazards (which do not results in the classification)

The mixture does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB.



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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Composition: Liquid containing inorganic components.

3.1 Hazardous components:

Name	EINECS/ ELINCS n°	CAS n°	Conc. % w/w*	Classification 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS) HPR (WHMIS 2015)	Classification 1272/2008/EC
Calcium chloride dihydrate Index N. (Annex VI of CLP Reg.): 017-013-00-2 Calcium 233-140-8 (as Calcium chloride anhydrous)		10035-04-8 (10043-52-4 as Calcium chloride anhydr.)	1-2 %	Eye damage/irritation, cat. 2	Eye Irrit.2, H319

For exposure limits see ch. 8, for hazard statements text see ch. 16.
* a range may be indicated, considering batch-to batch variation.

The mixture does not contain substances listed in the Hazardous Substance Lists and/or evaluated for carcinogenicity by IARC, NTP, OSHA. See Section 11 and 15.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Ingestion: If swallowed rinse mouth with plenty of water provided person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

Inhalation exposure: If inhaled, move person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered. Get

medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

Contact with skin: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash immediately affected area with soap or mild

detergent and plenty of water until the removal of the mixture (15-20 minutes). Get medical advice if

adverse symptoms appear.

Contact with eyes: Wash immediately with plenty of water or normal saline for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelid open with

the finger. Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Acute: Inhalation: May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Skin: May be irritant for skin. Eyes: May cause irritation.

Ingestion: may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

Delayed: Delayed symptoms and effects are not known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical monitoring: Not foreseen.

Antidotes, if known: Not known.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray or regular foam, CO₂, dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Not known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate toxic and hazardous fumes of HCI.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective actions: Water jets can be used successfully to cool containers exposed to the fire and disperse fumes.

Equipment for self-protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus, flame and chemical resistant clothing, boots and gloves.

Equipment must be conformed with the national/international standards and used in highest condition

of protection on the basis of the information reported in the previous sub-sections.



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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

Remove the ignition and heat sources, provide sufficient ventilation and evacuate the area. Respiratory protection: is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use masks with approved filter. Suitable protective clothing, rubber or polythene gloves,

rubber shoes, safety glasses.

For emergency responders: Wear appropriate protective equipment (see Section 8) to minimize exposure to the product.

6.2 Environmental precautions Do not let the product enter drainage system, surface and ground-water or soil. Contact local

authorities in case of environmental release. Do not empty into drains.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material, and clean with plenty of water. collect spilled material in

containers. Send to the storage waiting for disposal procedures.

6.4 Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling Handle in a well ventilated place, and away from sparkles and flames - sources of ignition. Keep the

mixture away from drains, surface or ground waters. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Wear

suitable Personal Protection Equipment (see section 8).

Do not eat, drink and smoke in the working areas. Wash hands with soap and water after handling the mixture. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage,

incompatibilities

Recommended temperature: store at 2-8°C. Avoid light exposure and keep away from heat sources. Room ventilation: well ventilated workplace. Keep containers tightly closed and labelled with the name

of the product. Avoid environmental release.

Keep away from food and drinks.

7.3 Specific end use $CaCl_2$ is intended for in vitro diagnostic use. Use the product in accordance with the Good Laboratory

Practice.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Community/National occupational exposure limit values:

Calcium chloride (1)

Canada – Ontario: Occupational exposure limit (OEL) for calcium chloride of 5 mg/m3 has been established by the Ministry of Labor

Community/National biological exposure limit values: Not established.

DNEL values (components):

		Wor		Workers		Consumers			
Component	Route of exposure	Acut	e effects	Chron	ic effects	Acute	e effects	Chroni	ic effects
		local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Calcium chloride	Oral (mg/(mg/kg bw/day								
anhydr. ⁽²⁾	Dermal (mg/kg bw/day)								
	Inhalation (mg/m³)	10		5		5		2.5	

PNEC values (components): not available.

The measurement of substances at the workplace must be carried out with standardized methods or, failing that, with appropriate methods.

8.2 Exposure controls

8. 2. 1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate risk management measures, that must be adopted at the workplace, have to be selected and applied, following the risks assessment carried out by the employer, in connection with his working activity. If the results of this evaluation show that the general and collective prevention measures are not sufficient to reduce the risk, and if you cannot prevent exposure to the mixture by other means, adequate personal protective equipment must be adopted, complying with the relevant technical national/international standards.



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8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are

appropriate, use masks with approved filter.

Use only devices approved by the Competent Authorities such as NIOSH (USA) and CEN (EU).

Skin protection: Protective clothing, rubber gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses.

Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Other protective systems: Personal protective equipment (PPE) useful for reducing individual exposure.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Avoid any release into the environment.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Value Related to

Appearance: Liquid
Odor: Not available
Color: Not available
pH: Not available

Flammability: Aqueous solution, not expected to be flammable Explosive properties: Aqueous solution, not expected to be explosive Oxidizing properties: Aqueous solution, not expected to be oxidant

Density: Not available
Solubility: not available

Water Solubility: miscible Mixture

Melting point/range: Liquid, not applicable

9.2 Other information

Miscibility miscible

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity This mixture is considered not reactive under the normal conditions of the usage.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable until the expiration date shown on the box and on the labels when stored at 2 –

8 °C.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Not foreseen.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat and light.

10.5 Incompatible materials Oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate toxic and hazardous fumes of HCl.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The health effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms and effects for each route of exposure:

Dermal: May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Contact with eyes: May cause eye irritation.



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Toxicokinetic effects (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Excretion):

Calcium chloride: is easily dissociated into calcium and chloride ions in water. The absorption, the distribution and the excretion of the ions in animals are regulated separately. Both ions are essential constituents of the body of all animals. (1)

Effects Related to **Acute toxicity Value** m.u. LD50 (rat) =3,798 - 4,179 The acute oral toxicity is attributed to the (1) Calcium chloride Oral: mg/Kg LD50 (rabbit)=500 - 1,000 severe irritating property of the original high-concentration substance or its solutions to the gastrointestinal tract. Dermal: LD50 (rabbit) > 5,000 Calcium chloride mg/Kg Calcium chloride LC50 (rat) > 40mg/m³/4h Inhalation: Corrosion/Irritation Calcium chloride is not irritating for the skin. (1) Skin Corrosion/Irritation Calcium chloride is irritating for the eyes. (1) Serious eye damage/irritation Sensitization: Skin sensitization: Calcium chloride: Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. Respiratory sensitization: Not available. **CMR effects** Germ cell mutagenicity; Calcium chloride: Genetic toxicity of calcium chloride was negative in the bacterial mutation tests and the mammalian chromosome aberration test. (1) Calcium chloride: No reproductive toxicity study has been reported. A developmental toxicity study Reproductive toxicity: equivalent to an OECD Guideline Study reveals no toxic effects on dams or fetuses at doses up to 189 mg/kg bw/day (mice), 176 mg/kg bw/day (rats) and 169 mg/kg bw/day (rabbits). (1)

<u>Carcinogenesis</u>: Substances listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens, in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs or found to be potential carcinogen by OSHA:

Substance OSHA IARC NTP

No component listed

STOT –single exposure Not available.

STOT – repeated exposure Calcium chloride: A study for repeated dose oral toxicity in rats shows no adverse effect of calcium

chloride on rats fed 20 mg CaCl2/g diet (comparable to 1000 mg/kg bw/day or more) for 12 months. (1)

Aspiration hazards Not available.

Other information: Not available.

Toxicity data on soil micro- and Not available.

Reasons for the lack of classification:

Where the mixture resulted in a non-classification, this may be due to the availability of data which does not impose a classification for that specific end-point, or due to lack of data, or due to availability of inconclusive data or data which are not sufficient to get a classification as for the criteria adopted in Regulations mentioned in this data sheet.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The environmental effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

12.1	Toxicity	species, media, units, test duration and test conditions.		Related to
	Acute toxicity with fish:	LC50 Pimephales promelas= 4,630 mg/l/96 hours	(1)	Calcium chloride
	Chronic toxicity with fish:	Not available		
	Acute toxicity with crustaceans:	EC50 Daphnia magna = 1062 mg/L/48 hr	(1)	Calcium chloride
	Chronic toxicity with crustaceans:	The chronic toxicity study with Daphnia magna shows that a 16% impairment of reproduction (EC16) is caused at the concentration of 320 mg/L.	(1)	Calcium chloride
	Acute toxicity with algae:	EC ₅₀ Selenastrum capricornutum = 2900 mg/L/72 hours (biomass)	(1)	Calcium chloride
	Chronic toxicity with algae:	Not available.		

macroorganisms



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Toxicity data on birds, bees and Not available.

plants:

12.2 Persistency and

degradability:

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances. Once emitted into the environment, calcium chloride, which have a high water solubility, will dissociate

into the calcium cation and the chloride anion. The calcium ion may bind to soil particulate or may

form stable inorganic salts with sulphate and carbonate ions.

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential:

Considering its dissociation properties, Calcium chloride per se is not expected to accumulate in living

organisms.

12.4 Mobility in soil

The chloride ion is mobile in soil and eventually drains into surface water because it is readily dissolved

in water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not performed.

12.6 Other toxic effects:

Not available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

National laws on disposal must be considered, local and UE requirements for wastes recycling must be respected.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Used waste product, surplus product or spillage products shall be disposed of in accordance with national, state and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA and DOT regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulations

- · Council Directive 89/391/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work (Official Journal L 183, 29/06/1989 P. 0001 - 0008) and following amendment and National reinforcements.
- · Council Directive 89/686/EEC of 21 December 1989 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the personal protective equipment.
- Council Directive 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC) Official Journal L 131, 05/05/1998 P. 0011 - 0023.
- Council Directive 98/79/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 October 1998 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices.
- *Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Évaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).
- *Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures 2008 (and subsequent amendments and supplements).

Restriction of use: none

Substance(s) under authorization: none

US Federal Regulations:

State	Components listed	Note
Massachusetts	No component listed	
New York	No component listed	
New Jersey	No component listed	
Pennsylvania	No component listed	

California Prop. 65

Ingredient name Cancer		Reproductive	NSRL or MADL (μg/day)			
No component listed						



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Clean Water Act (CWA) 307	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	No component listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	No component listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	No component listed

EPA List of Lists

Regulatory	CAS No./SARA/	SARA/ EPCRA 302	SARA/ EPCRA 304	CERCLA	SARA/EPCRA	RCRA	CAA 112(r)
Name	313 Category Code	EHS TPQ "	EHS RQ ^{III}	RQ [™]	313 TRI ^v	Code ^{vi}	RMP TQ ^{VII}
No component listed							

SARA/313 Category Code: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code

<u>United States Inventory</u> (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL): All components are listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revisions: • Edition n. 01, dated 05/19/2012.

> • Revision n. 01, dated 10/21/2015. Main changes are in sections 2 to16, adapting the SDS format and contents to Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012), Hazardous

Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015), and Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Acronyms:

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

ADR: Agreement concerning the carriage of dangerous goods by Road

BCF: Bioaccumulative factor BEI: Biological Esposure Indices

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service (division of the American Chemical Society

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Levels

EC50: the effect concentration associated with 50% response. EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association Code IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

MADL: Maximum Allowable Daily (or Dose) Level NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level)

NOEC: no observed effect concentration, means the test concentration immediately below the lowest

tested concentration with statistically significant adverse effect.

NSRL: National Science Research Laboratory

NTP: National Toxicology Program OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PPE: Personal protective Equipment

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substances

[&]quot; SARA/EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act

Section 302 Category Code)

III SARA/EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 304 Category Code)

[&]quot;CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)

VISARA/EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code)

VIRCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code

VII CAA 112(r) RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112(r))



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PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID: Regulation concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail

TLV/TWA: Threshold Limit Value/Threshold Weighted Average

vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (air concentration of agents in a healthy worker's

breathing zone)

Information related to the Regulation EC/1272/2008:

Hazard statement(s): H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Information on workers training: Follow National requirements to ensure protection of human health and the environment.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Classification:	Classification procedure
Not classified	-

The contained information in this SDS are in accordance with Annex II of the COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and its subsequent amendments, in accordance with Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012) as recommended by US OSHA, and in accordance with Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015) as recommended by Health Canada (HC).

Bibliographic references:

- (1) Calcium Chloride, SIDS Initial Assessment Report For SIAM 15 Boston, USA 22-25th October 2002
- (2) Calcium chloride anh., Registration dossier, available at: http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/data/dossiers/DISS-9eb43f6f-23a1-5205-e044-00144f67d031.html#AGGR-dc2ba8fd-c7fc-402e-906e-b6cd0864ad5e DISS-9eb43f6f-23a1-5205-e044-00144f67d031.html#AGGR-dc2ba8fd-c7fc-402e-906e-b6cd0864ad5e



SAFETY DATA SHEET

FIXa + FACTOR X 9.2 IU

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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

1.1 Identification of the mixture

Product Name: FIXA + FACTOR X 9.2 IU

Product Number: 000654645LSP

1.2 Use of the mixture:

Relevant use: For in vitro diagnostic use.

Uses advised against: There are no specific uses advised against.

1.3 Company identification: **MANUFACTURER: DISTRIBUTOR EU:** Via Leonardo da Vinci, 36

Instrumentation Laboratory Co. 180 Hartwell Road,

Bedford, MA 01730-2443 (USA)

Tel. +1 800 678 0710

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20877 Roncello (MB), Italy **DISTRIBUTOR US/CANADA:**

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SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the mixture:

This product is hazardous according to Regulations (EC) No 1272/2008, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015).

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION	cat. 1	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. (H334)
	•	For exposure limits see ch. 8

Potential adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

(see also ch. 9-12)

The product may cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Under normal conditions of use, the mixture does not cause adverse effects to the environment.

2.2 Label elements, according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Hazard pictogram(s):	
Signal word(s):	Danger
Hazard statement(s):	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. (H334)
Precautionary statement(s):	Avoid breathing vapors/ spray. (P261) [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection. (P284) IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. (P304 + P340) If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. (P342 + P311) Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation. (P501)
Other labeling details:	Contains Factor IXa. Up to 2.95% of the mixture consists of component of unknown acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation) for the human health and for the aquatic environment.



ory FIXa + FACTOR X 9.2 IU

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2.3 Other hazards (which do not results in the classification)

The mixture does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB.

Warning:

The product contains bovine material. All donor animals were sourced from BSE-free herds. The cattle received ante- and post mortem health inspection by a veterinarian, and they were apparently free from infectious and contagious material. However, the material should be treated as potentially infectious.

Bovine serum albumin (BSA) might cause allergic skin reaction and/or allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Composition: solid containing organic and inorganic components, bovine material.

3.1 Hazardous components:

Name	EINECS/ ELINCS n°	CAS n°	Conc. % w/w*	Classification 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS) HPR (WHMIS 2015)	Classification 1272/2008/EC
Factor IXa Index N. (Annex VI of CLP Reg.): 647-014-00-9 - proteases with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex	Not available	Not available	1.4-1.5 %	Skin Corrosion/Irritation, cat. 2 Eye damage/Eye Irritation, cat. 2A Specific target organ Toxicity – Single Exposure, cat. 3 Sensitization-Respiratory, cat. 1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Resp. Sens. 1, H334
Factor X Index N. (Annex VI of CLP Reg.): 647-014-00-9 - proteases with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex	Not available	Not available	0.8-0.9 %	Skin Corrosion/Irritation, cat. 2 Eye damage/Eye Irritation, cat. 2A Specific target organ Toxicity – Single Exposure, cat. 3 Sensitization-Respiratory, cat. 1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Resp. Sens. 1, H334
Tris Hydrochloride	214-684-5	1185-53-1	0.3-0.4%	Skin Corrosion/Irritation, cat 2 Eye damage/Eye Irritation, cat. 2B	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Tris-Hydroxymethyl aminomethane (Tris Amino)	201-064-4	77-86-1	< 0.04%	Skin Corrosion/Irritation, cat. 2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315

For exposure limits see ch. 8, for hazard statements text see ch. 16.
* a range may be indicated, considering batch-to batch variation.

The mixture does not contain substances listed in the Hazardous Substance Lists and/or evaluated for carcinogenicity by IARC, NTP, OSHA. See Section 11 and 15.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Ingestion: If swallowed rinse mouth with plenty of water provided person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

Inhalation exposure: If inhaled, move person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered. Get

medical advice immediately (show the SDS or the label were possible).

Contact with skin: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash immediately affected area with soap or mild

detergent and plenty of water until the removal of the mixture (15-20 minutes). Get medical advice if

adverse symptoms appear.

Contact with eyes: Wash immediately with plenty of water or normal saline for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelid open with

the finger. Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Acute: Inhalation: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin: May be irritant for skin. Eyes: May cause irritation.

Ingestion: may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

Delayed: Delayed symptoms and effects are not known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical monitoring: Based on the assessment of risk of hazardous chemical agents, the competent person will settle the

appropriate medical surveillance protocol, in accordance with the national legislation, in order to

protect the health status of the workers.



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SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Antidotes, if known:

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray or regular foam, CO₂, dry powder.

Not known.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Not known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate toxic and hazardous fumes of COx, NOx, Na2O,

HCI.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective actions: Water jets can be used successfully to cool containers exposed to the fire and disperse fumes.

Equipment for self-protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus, flame and chemical resistant clothing, boots and gloves. Equipment must be conformed with the national/international standards and used in highest condition

of protection on the basis of the information reported in the previous sub-sections.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency

personnel:

Remove the ignition and heat sources, provide sufficient ventilation and evacuate the area. Respiratory protection: is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use masks with approved filter. Suitable protective clothing, rubber or polythene gloves, rubber shoes, safety glasses.

For emergency responders:

Wear appropriate protective equipment (see Section 8) to minimize exposure to the product.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let the product enter drainage system, surface and ground-water or soil. Contact local

authorities in case of environmental release. Do not empty into drains.

Methods and material for

containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material, and clean with plenty of water. collect spilled material in

containers. Send to the storage waiting for disposal procedures.

Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle in a well ventilated place, and away from sparkles and flames - sources of ignition. Keep the mixture away from drains, surface or ground waters. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Wear

suitable Personal Protection Equipment (see section 8).

Do not eat, drink and smoke in the working areas. Wash hands with soap and water after handling the mixture. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage,

incompatibilities

Recommended temperature: store at 2-8°C. Avoid light exposure and keep away from heat sources. Room ventilation: well ventilated workplace. Keep containers tightly closed and labelled with the name

of the product. Avoid environmental release.

Keep away from food and drinks.

7.3 Specific end use

FIXa + Factor X 9.2 IU is intended for in vitro diagnostic use. The material contains Factor IXa and Factor X, may cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. It contains also Bovine serum albumin (BSA), might cause allergic skin reaction and/or allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. It should be treated as potentially infectious. Avoid inhalation of dust/fume. Use the product in accordance with the Good Laboratory Practice.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 **Control parameters**

Community/National occupational exposure limit values: not available Community/National biological exposure limit values: Not established.

DNEL values (components): not available PNEC values (components): not available

The measurement of substances at the workplace must be carried out with standardized methods or, failing that, with appropriate methods.



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8.2 Exposure controls

8. 2. 1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate risk management measures, that must be adopted at the workplace, have to be selected and applied, following the risks assessment carried out by the employer, in connection with his working activity. If the results of this evaluation show that the general and collective prevention measures are not sufficient to reduce the risk, and if you cannot prevent exposure to the mixture by other means, adequate personal protective equipment must be adopted, complying with the relevant technical national/international standards.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are

appropriate, use masks with approved filter.

Use only devices approved by the Competent Authorities such as NIOSH (USA) and CEN (EU).

Skin protection: Protective clothing, rubber gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses.
Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Other protective systems: Personal protective equipment (PPE) useful for reducing individual exposure.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Avoid any release into the environment.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Value Related to

Appearance: solid

Odor: not available Color: White to off-white pH: not available Flammability: not available Explosive properties: not available Oxidizing properties: not available Density: Not available Solubility: not available

Water Solubility: Soluble Mixture

Melting point/range: not available

9.2 Other information

Miscibility miscible

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity This mixture is considered not reactive under the normal conditions of the usage.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable until the expiration date shown on the box and on the labels when stored at 2 –

8 °C.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Not foreseen.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat, water, humidity and light.

10.5 Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate toxic and hazardous fumes of of COx, NOx,

Na2O, HCl.



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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The health effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms and effects for each route of exposure:

Dermal: May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

Inhalation: The product may cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Contact with eyes: May cause eye irritation.

Toxicokinetic effects (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Excretion):

Tris amino: is not metabolized appreciably and is eliminated by the kidneys. Ionized tromethamine is excreted by kidney, so the effect is that of excretion of hydrogen ions. Elimination of drug from body is entirely by renal excretion. It is not known whether tromethamine is distributed into human milk. (1)

Acute toxicity	Value	m.u.	Effects			Related to
Oral:	LD50 (rat) > 3,000	mg/kg			(2)	Tris Amino
<u>Dermal:</u>	LD50 (rat) > 5,000	mg/kg			(3)	Tris Amino
Inhalation:	not available					
Other data:	not available					
Corrosion/Irritation						
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Tris Amino: Tromethamitromethamine was not in rabbits at pH 10.4 but we methyl-1-Propanol (AMP) applied to abraded skin si	ritating. In were only m was found	tradermal inje iildly irritating to be irritatir	ctions of tromethamine at pH 7.4. The suppo ng to rabbits, with bur	e were sever orting substar rrowing lesion	ely irritating to nce 2-Amino-2- ns noted when
	Tris Hydrochloride: irritan	t to skin (rea	ad across from	Tris Amino).		
Serious eye damage/ irritation	Tris Amino (100%) was i	not an oculai	r irritant when	administered to rabbits	(2)	
	Tris Hydrochloride: mild	eye irritant iı	n rabbits. ⁽⁵⁾			
Sensitization:						
Skin sensitization:	Tris Amino: The supporting	ng chemical /	AMP is not sen	sitizing to guinea pig sk	in. ⁽²⁾	
	Tris Hydrochloride: Not a	sensitizer in	experimental	animals. ⁽⁵⁾		
Respiratory sensitization:	The product may cause a	llergy or asth	nma symptoms	or breathing difficulties	s if inhaled.	
CMR effects						
Germ cell mutagenicity;	Tris Amino: The supportin			mutagenic to bacteria a	nd mammalia	an cells in vitro
	Tris Hydrochloride: Ames	test negativ	e. ⁽⁶⁾			
Reproductive toxicity:	<i>Tris Amino:</i> In an oral ga effects on reproductive or reproductive and developr	developmen	ital parameters	were observed at the	doses tested;	
<u>Carcinogenesis</u> :	Substances listed in the N Agency for Research on C					
	Substance 09	SHA		IARC	NT	·D

 $\emph{Tris Amino:}$ based on the available data, the substance is not carcinogenic. $^{(4)}$

No component listed

STOT –single exposure Not available.

STOT – repeated exposure There are no documented long-term effects of *Tris Amino* treatment, and no serious side-effects on

record that are directly attributed to treatment with the compound. (3)

Aspiration hazards Not available.

Other information: Not available.



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Reasons for the lack of classification:

Where the mixture resulted in a non-classification, this may be due to the availability of data which does not impose a classification for that specific end-point, or due to lack of data, or due to availability of inconclusive data or data which are not sufficient to get a classification as for the criteria adopted in Regulations mentioned in this data sheet.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The environmental effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

12.1 Toxicity species, media, units, test duration and test conditions. Related to

LC50 Leuciscus idus > 10,000 mg/L/ 96-h (2) Tris Amino Acute toxicity with fish:

Chronic toxicity with fish: Not available.

Water fleas (Daphnia magna) were exposed to AMP at unspecified concentrations (1) Tris Amino Acute toxicity with crustaceans:

for 48 hours. LC50 = 193 mg/L/48 h.

(6) Tris HCl EC50 daphnia > 100 mg/l/48h

Chronic toxicity with

crustaceans:

Not available.

(2) Tris Amino EC50 Selenastrum capricornutum > 100 mg/L/ 96 h Acute toxicity with algae:

Chronic toxicity with algae: Not available. Toxicity data on soil micro-Not available.

and macroorganisms

Toxicity data on birds, bees and Not available.

plants:

12.2 Persistency and Tris Amino is not readily biodegradable is expected to have moderate persistence. (1)

degradability: Tris Hydrochloride: readily biodegradable. (6)

Tris-Hydroxymethyl aminomethane is expected to have low bioaccumulation potential. (1) 12.3 Bioaccumulation potential:

Tris Amino is expected to have high mobility in soil. (2) 12.4 Mobility in soil:

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not performed.

12.6 Other toxic effects: Not available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

National laws on disposal must be considered, local and UE requirements for wastes recycling must be respected.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Used waste product, surplus product or spillage products shall be disposed of in accordance with national, state and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA and DOT regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulations

- * Council Directive 89/391/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work (Official Journal L 183, 29/06/1989 P. 0001 - 0008) and following amendment and National reinforcements.
- * Council Directive 89/686/EEC of 21 December 1989 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the personal protective equipment.
- Council Directive 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC) Official Journal L 131, 05/05/1998 P. 0011 - 0023.
- Council Directive 98/79/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 October 1998 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices.
- *Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).
- *Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures 2008 (and subsequent amendments and supplements).



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Restriction of use: none

Substance(s) under authorization: none

US Federal Regulations:

State	Components listed	Note
Massachusetts	No component listed	
New York	No component listed	
New Jersey	No component listed	
Pennsylvania	No component listed	

California Prop. 65

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	NSRL or MADL (μg/day)		
No component listed					

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	No component listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	No component listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	No component listed

EPA List of Lists

Regulatory Name	CAS No./SARA/ 313 Category Code ¹	SARA/ EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ "	SARA/ EPCRA 304 EHS RQ ^{III}	CERCLA RQ ^{IV}	SARA/EPCRA 313 TRI ^V	RCRA Code VI	CAA 112(r) RMP TQ VII
No component listed							

SARA/313 Category Code: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code

United States Inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL): All components are listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revisions: • Edition n. 01, dated 05/19/2012.

> • Revision n. 01, dated 10/21/2015. Main changes are in sections 2 to16, adapting the SDS format and contents to Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012), Hazardous

Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015), and Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015

Acronyms: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

ADR: Agreement concerning the carriage of dangerous goods by Road

BCF: Bioaccumulative factor BEI: Biological Esposure Indices

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service (division of the American Chemical Society

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Levels

EC50: the effect concentration associated with 50% response. EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association Code IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

[&]quot; SARA/EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 302 Category Code)

"" 'SARA/EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section

³⁰⁴ Category Code)

^{IV}CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)

VISARA/EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code)

VIRCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code

VII CAA 112(r) RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112(r))



LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

MADL: Maximum Allowable Daily (or Dose) Level NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level)

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

NOEC: no observed effect concentration, means the test concentration immediately below the lowest

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tested concentration with statistically significant adverse effect.

NSRL: National Science Research Laboratory

NTP: National Toxicology Program OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PPE: Personal protective Equipment

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substances

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID: Regulation concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail

TLV/TWA: Threshold Limit Value/Threshold Weighted Average

vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (air concentration of agents in a healthy worker's

breathing zone)

Information related to the Regulation EC/1272/2008:

Hazard statement(s): H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Information on workers training: Follow National requirements to ensure protection of human health and the environment.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Classification:	Classification procedure	
Not classified	-	

The contained information in this SDS are in accordance with Annex II of the COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and its subsequent amendments, in accordance with Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012) as recommended by US OSHA, and in accordance with Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015) as recommended by Health Canada (HC).

Bibliographic references:

- (1) HSDB Hazardous Substances Databank, Tromethamine
- (2) Screening-Level Hazard Characterization, Sponsored chemical 2-Amino-2-hydroxymethyl-1,3-propanediol (TRIS AMINO) CASRN 77-86-1, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Hazard Characterization Document, September, 2014
- (3) ECHA, Registration Dossier, Tromethamine, http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/data/dossiers/DISS-d7f60455-0965-1602-e044-00144f67d031/AGGR-932e53a4-4218-4161-b380-2c99a562941f_DISS-d7f60455-0965-1602-e044-00144f67d031.html#AGGR-932e53a4-4218-4161-b380-2c99a562941f
- (4) TEST PLAN For Tris(hydroxymethy1)aminomethane (77-86-1) Submitted to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Under the High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals Challenge Program The Dow Chemical Company Midland, Michigan, 48674
- (5) Haz-Map, Tromethamine hydrochloride, available at http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/category-details?table=copytblagents&id=18456
- (6) Sigma Aldrich, SDS for Tromethamine Hydrochloride, Version 5.0, revision date 17.10.2013



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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

1.1 Identification of the mixture

Product Name: **S-2765 15.4 MG + I-2581**

Product Number: 000654089L

1.2 Use of the mixture:

Relevant use: For in vitro diagnostic use.

Uses advised against: There are no specific uses advised against.

1.3 Company identification: MANUFACTURER: DISTRIBUTOR EU:

Instrumentation Laboratory Co. 180 Hartwell Road,

Bedford, MA 01730-2443 (USA)

Tel. +1 800 678 0710

Fax +1 781 863 9928

Via Leonardo da Vinci, 36 20877 Roncello (MB), Italy DISTRIBUTOR US/CANADA:

Instrumentation Laboratory Co.

526 Route 303

Orangeburg, New York 10962 (USA)

E-mail address of the competent person: infosds@mail.ilww.it

1.4 Emergency phone: +44 (0) 3700 492 795

+1 215 207 0061 (USA and Canada)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the mixture:

This product is not hazardous according to Regulations (EC) No 1272/2008, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015).

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement				
Not classified						
		For exposure limits see section 8.				

Potential adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

(see also ch. 9-12)

Under normal conditions of use, the mixture does not cause adverse effects to humans and to the environment.

2.2 Label elements, according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Other labeling details:	Up to 6.14% of the mixture consists of component of unknown acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation) for the human health and for the aquatic environment.
	Safety data sheet available on request. (EUH210)
Precautionary statement(s):	None
Hazard statement(s):	None
Signal word(s):	None
Hazard pictogram(s):	None

Safety precautions:

Use the product in accordance with the Good Laboratory Practice.

Was a with the great and a welface and a welface protection.

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not let the product enter drainage system, surface and ground-water or soil. Do not empty into drains.

2.3 Other hazards (which do not results in the classification)

The mixture does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB.



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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Composition: solid containing organic components.

3.1 Hazardous components:

Name	EINECS/ ELINCS n°	CAS n°	Conc. % w/w*	Classification 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS) HPR (WHMIS 2015)	Classification 1272/2008/EC
Dipotassium [[N,N'- ethylenebis[N- (carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)- N,N',O,O',ON,ON']magnesate(2-)	239-803-8	15708-48-2	5-6%	Eye damage/Eye Irritation, cat. 2A Skin Corrosion/Irritation, cat. 2 Specific target organ Toxicity – Single Exposure, cat. 3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Irrit.2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335
p-nitroaniline *** Index N. (Annex VI of CLP Reg.): 612-012-00-9	202-810-1	100-01-6	< 0.0001%***	Acute Toxicity – Oral, cat. 3 Acute Toxicity – Dermal, cat. 3 Acute Toxicity – Inhalation, cat. 3 Specific target organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure, cat. 3 Aquatic Chronic 3**	Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H301 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

For exposure limits see ch. 8, for hazard statements text see ch. 16.

* a range may be indicated, considering batch-to batch variation.

**Environmental classification according to Reg. N. 1272/2008 (EC) and subsequent amendments.

The mixture contains one substance listed in the Hazardous Substance Lists and/or evaluated for carcinogenicity by IARC, NTP, OSHA: p-Nitroaniline. See Section 11 and 15.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Ingestion: If swallowed rinse mouth with plenty of water provided person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

Inhalation exposure: If inhaled, move person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered. Get

medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

Contact with skin: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash immediately affected area with soap or mild

detergent and plenty of water until the removal of the mixture (15-20 minutes). Get medical advice if

adverse symptoms appear.

Contact with eyes: Wash immediately with plenty of water or normal saline for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelid open with

the finger. Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Acute: Inhalation: may cause irritation to respiratory ways.

Skin: May be irritant for skin. Eyes: May cause irritation.

Ingestion: may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

Delayed: Delayed symptoms and effects are not known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical monitoring: Not foreseen.

Antidotes, if known: Not known.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray or regular foam, CO₂, dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Not known.

^{***}p-nitroaniline, including the proportion of p-nitroaniline from Na-Benzyloxycarbonyl-D-arginyl-glycyl-arginine-p-nitroanilide dihydrochloride. Na-Benzyloxycarbonyl-D-arginyl-glycyl-arginine-p-nitroanilide dihydrochloride is readily split by specific enzymes and releases p-nitroaniline.



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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate toxic and hazardous fumes of COx, NOx, HCI.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective actions: Water jets can be used successfully to cool containers exposed to the fire and disperse fumes.

Equipment for self-protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus, flame and chemical resistant clothing, boots and gloves.

Equipment must be conformed with the national/international standards and used in highest condition

of protection on the basis of the information reported in the previous sub-sections.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

Remove the ignition and heat sources, provide sufficient ventilation and evacuate the area. Respiratory protection: is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use masks with approved filter. Suitable protective clothing, rubber or polythene gloves, rubber shoes, safety glasses.

For emergency responders:

Wear appropriate protective equipment (see Section 8) to minimize exposure to the product.

6.2 **Environmental precautions** Do not let the product enter drainage system, surface and ground-water or soil. Contact local authorities in case of environmental release. Do not empty into drains.

Methods and material for

containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material, and clean with plenty of water. collect spilled material in

containers. Send to the storage waiting for disposal procedures.

Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle in a well ventilated place, and away from sparkles and flames - sources of ignition. Keep the mixture away from drains, surface or ground waters. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Wear suitable Personal Protection Equipment (see section 8).

Do not eat, drink and smoke in the working areas. Wash hands with soap and water after handling the mixture. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage,

incompatibilities

Recommended temperature: store at 2-8°C. Avoid light exposure and keep away from heat sources. Room ventilation: well ventilated workplace. Keep containers tightly closed and labelled with the name

of the product. Avoid environmental release. Keep away from food and drinks.

7.3 Specific end use

S-2765 15.4 mg + I-2581 is intended for in vitro diagnostic use. Use the product in accordance with

the Good Laboratory Practice.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Community/National occupational exposure limit values:

p-Nitroaniline (1)	Limit value – 8 hours	Limit value – short term
Austria	1 ppm; 6 mg/m ³	
Belgium	3 mg/m ³	
Denmark	0.5 ppm; 3 mg/m ³	1 ppm; 6 mg/m³
Finland	1 ppm; 5.7 mg/m ³	3 ppm; 17 mg/m³ - 15 minutes average value
France	3 mg/m ³	
Hungary	6 mg/m ³	
Ireland	3 mg/m ³	
Latvia	0.1 mg/m ³	
Poland	3 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³
Spain	3 mg/m³ - skin	
Switzerland	0.5 ppm; 3 mg/m ³	



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United Kingdom [6 mg/m³]

The UK Advisory Committee on Toxic Substances has expressed concern that, for the OELs shown in parentheses [..], health may not be adequately protected because of doubts that the limit was not soundly-based. These OELs were included in the published UK 2002 list and its 2003 supplement, but are omitted from the published 2005 list.

Canada - Ontario 3 mg/m³
Canada - Quebec 3 mg/m³
New Zealand 3 mg/m³
USA - NIOSH 3 mg/m³

USA - OSHA 1 ppm; 6 mg/m³

Australia 3 mg/m³

ACGIH (1992)⁽²⁾: TLV/TWA: 3 mg/m³ (skin). Notation: A4: not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

IDLH⁽³⁾: 300 mg/m³

Community/National biological exposure limit values:

P-Nitroaniline ⁽⁶⁾: **Methemoglobin inducers**: *Determinant*: methemoglobin in blood; *BEI* = 1.5% of hemoglobin. *Sampling time*: during or end of shift.

DNEL values (components):

			Wo	orkers		Consumers			
Component	Route of exposure	Acut	e effects	Chron	ic effects	Acute	e effects	Chron	ic effects
			systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
P-Nitroaniline (4)	Oral (mg/(mg/kg bw/day								0.201
	Dermal (mg/kg bw/day)				0.1763				0.04347
	Inhalation (mg/m³)				0.201				0.05

PNEC values (components): P-Nitroaniline (4) PNEC aqua freshwater = 0.024 mg/l

PNEC aqua marine water = 0.0024 mg/l

PNEC aqua intermittent release = 0.24 mg/l

PNEC STP = 1 mg/l

PNEC sediment freshwater = 64.247424 mg/kg sediment dw

PNEC sediment marine water = 64.247424 mg/kg sediment dw

PNEC soil = 25.961088 mg/kg soil dw

The measurement of substances at the workplace must be carried out with standardized methods or, failing that, with appropriate methods.

8.2 Exposure controls

8. 2. 1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate risk management measures, that must be adopted at the workplace, have to be selected and applied, following the risks assessment carried out by the employer, in connection with his working activity. If the results of this evaluation show that the general and collective prevention measures are not sufficient to reduce the risk, and if you cannot prevent exposure to the mixture by other means, adequate personal protective equipment must be adopted, complying with the relevant technical national/international standards.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are

appropriate, use masks with approved filter.

Use only devices approved by the Competent Authorities such as NIOSH (USA) and CEN (EU).

Skin protection: Protective clothing, rubber gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses.

Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Other protective systems: Personal protective equipment (PPE) useful for reducing individual exposure.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Avoid any release into the environment.



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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Value

Appearance: solid
Odor: not available
Color: White to off white
pH: not available

Flammability: not available
Explosive properties: not available
Oxidizing properties: not available
Density: not available
Solubility: not available

Water Solubility: Soluble Mixture

Melting point/range: not available

9.2 Other information not available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity This mixture is considered not reactive under the normal conditions of the usage.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable until the expiration date shown on the box and on the labels when stored at 2 –

8°C.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Not foreseen.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Keep out from heat, water, humidity, and light.

10.5 Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Thermal decomposition or combustion may include toxic and hazardous fumes of COx, NOx, HCl.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The health effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms and effects for each route of exposure:

Dermal: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

Inhalation: Inhalation of the product may cause irritation to respiratory ways.

Contact with eyes: May cause irritation.

Toxicokinetic effects (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Excretion):

4-Nitroaniline: is readily absorbed orally, by inhalation and dermally and is eliminated in the form of numerous metabolites essentially via the kidneys. 4-Nitroaniline is rapidly distributed into all tissues. (5)

Acute toxicity	Value	m.u.	Effects		Related to
Oral:	LD50 (wild bird) = 75	mg/Kg		(4)	p-nitroaniline
	LD50 (rat) = $750 - 3,250$	mg/Kg		(4)	p-nitroaniline
<u>Dermal:</u>	LD50 (rat) > 500 LD50 (guinea pig) > 500	mg/Kg		(4)	p-nitroaniline
Inhalation:	LC50 (rat) = 2.53	mg/l/4h	Read across from 2-nitroaniline	(7)	p-nitroaniline
Other data:			of MetHb. Due to the formation of r ne oxygen supply in organs and tissue		



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Corrosion/Irritation

p-Nitroaniline: When applied to rabbits' skin (test according to OECD guideline 404), there were slight Skin Corrosion/Irritation

erythema and yellow discoloration short-term. Both effects were reversible within 24 hours. According to Aggregated Computational Toxicology Resource (ACToR) database; 4-nitroaniline was not

found to be irritating to the skin of rabbit. (8)

p-Nitroaniline: application to rabbits' eyes (test according to OECD guideline 405) led to only short-Serious eye damage/ irritation

term reddening of the conjunctiva and the effects were reversible within 24 hours. (10)

Sensitization:

Skin sensitization: p-Nitroaniline. No significant skin sensitization potential by 4-nitroaniline can be derived, either from

the few results with humans described in literature, or from the results of animal studies. ⁽⁵⁾

p-Nitroaniline: No significant respiratory sensitization potential by 4-nitroaniline can be derived, either Respiratory sensitization:

from the few results with humans described in literature, or from the results of animal studies. (5)

CMR effects

Germ cell mutagenicity; p-Nitroaniline: Various tests with the substance in microorganisms and mammalian cells produced

positive but sometimes inconsistent results. p-Nitroaniline was ascribed to have a genotoxic potential in vitro but two in-vivo tests had negative results. Summarizing, the data pool available is insufficient to

assess the mutagenic potential of N. (6)

p-Nitroaniline: produced no evidence of adverse reproductive performance, including mating, fertility Reproductive toxicity:

and pregnancy, littering or pup survival and development, in a two-generation rat reproduction study using a dosage which produced significant maternal toxicity (increased spleen weight, anemia, elevated blood methemoglobin levels) related to methemoglobinia following chronic dosing. p-Nitroaniline is not

considered to cause a primary effect on fetal development. (8)

Substances listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens, in the International Carcinogenesis:

Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs or found to be potential carcinogen by OSHA:

OSHA NTP Substance **IARC** No component listed

p-Nitroaniline: In a two-year study, the administration of p-Nitroaniline to mice by gavage showed inconclusive evidence of carcinogenic activity in male mice, based to increased incidence of hemangiomas of the liver and haemangiosarcomas or haemangiosarcomas (combined) in other

locations. In female mice is not observed evidence of carcinogenic activity. (9)(6)

STOT -single exposure Not available.

p-Nitroaniline: The repeated exposure to p-Nitroaniline can cause methemoglobinemia and hemolysis, STOT – repeated exposure

anemia and jaundice, liver damage. (9)(6)

Aspiration hazards Not available. Other information: Not available.

Reasons for the lack of classification:

Where the mixture resulted in a non-classification, this may be due to the availability of data which does not impose a classification for that specific end-point, or due to lack of data, or due to availability of inconclusive data or data which are not sufficient to get a classification as for the criteria adopted in Regulations mentioned in this data sheet.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The environmental effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

12.1 Toxicity species, media, units, test duration and test conditions. Related to

Acute toxicity with fish: LC₅₀ Brachydanio rerio = 87.6 mg/l/96 hours p-nitroaniline

Chronic toxicity with fish: Not available

Acute toxicity with crustaceans: EC50 crustaceans = 24 mg/l/48hours p-nitroaniline

Chronic toxicity with Not available

crustaceans:

EC50 = 68 mg/l/24 hAcute toxicity with algae:

p-nitroaniline

Chronic toxicity with algae: Not available Toxicity data on soil micro- and Not available

macroorganisms

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Toxicity data on birds, bees and Not available

plants:

12.2 Persistency and p-nitroaniline is not biodegradable and is expected to have moderate persistence potential. (7)

degradability:

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential: p-nitroaniline is are expected to have low bioaccumulation potential. (7)

12.4 **Mobility in soil:** *p-Nitroaniline:* If released to soil, is expected to have high mobility, based upon Koc values of 54-87.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Not available.

assessment

NOC available.

12.6 Other toxic effects: Not available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

National laws on disposal must be considered, local and UE requirements for wastes recycling must be respected.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Used waste product, surplus product or spillage products shall be disposed of in accordance with national, state and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA and DOT regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulations

- $^{\circ}$ Council Directive 89/391/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work (Official Journal L 183 , 29/06/1989 P. 0001 0008) and following amendment and National reinforcements.
- Council Directive 89/686/EEC of 21 December 1989 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the personal protective equipment.
- $^{\circ}$ Council Directive 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC) Official Journal L 131 , 05/05/1998 P. 0011 0023.
- *Council Directive 98/79/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 October 1998 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices.
- *Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).
- *Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures 2008 (and subsequent amendments and supplements).

Restriction of use: none

Substance(s) under authorization: none

US Federal Regulations:

State	Components listed	Note
Massachusetts	p-Nitroaniline	-
New York	p-Nitroaniline	-
New Jersey	p-Nitroaniline	Mutagen Reactive* - Second Degree
Pennsylvania	p-Nitroaniline	Environmental Hazard

^{* &}quot;Reactive" is used interchangeably with the NFPA term "instability."

California Prop. 65

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	NSRL or MADL (μg/day)				
No component listed							

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	No component listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	No component listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	No component listed



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EPA List of Lists

Regulatory Name	CAS No./SARA/	SARA/ EPCRA 302	SARA/ EPCRA	CERCLA	SARA/EPCRA	RCRA	CAA 112(r)
	313 Category Code	EHS TPQ "	304EHS RQ ^{III}	RQ [™]	313 TRI ^v	Code ^{VI}	RMP TQ ^{VII}
p-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	=	-	5000	313	P077	-

SARA/313 Category Code: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code

United States Inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL): All components are listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revisions: • Edition n. 01, dated 05/19/2012.

• Revision n. 01, dated 10/21/2015. Main changes are in sections 2 to16, adapting the SDS format and contents to Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012), Hazardous Product Republic (HCS) and Production (FLI) 2015 (220 of 20 May 2015).

Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015), and Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Acronyms: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

ADR: Agreement concerning the carriage of dangerous goods by Road

BCF: Bioaccumulative factor BEI: Biological Esposure Indices

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service (division of the American Chemical Society

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Levels

EC50: the effect concentration associated with 50% response. EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association Code IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

MADL: Maximum Allowable Daily (or Dose) Level NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level)

NOEC: no observed effect concentration, means the test concentration immediately below the lowest

tested concentration with statistically significant adverse effect.

NSRL: National Science Research Laboratory

NTP: National Toxicology Program OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PPE: Personal protective Equipment

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substances

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID: Regulation concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail

TLV/TWA: Threshold Limit Value/Threshold Weighted Average

vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (air concentration of agents in a healthy worker's

breathing zone)

[&]quot;SARA/EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 302 Category Code)

SARA/EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 304 Category Code)

^{IV}CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)

VISARA/EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code)

VIRCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code

VII CAA 112(r) RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112(r))



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Information related to the Regulation EC/1272/2008:

Hazard statement(s): H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin. H301: Toxic in contact with skin.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H315: Causes skin irritation. H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Information on workers training: Follow National requirements to ensure protection of human health and the environment.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Classification:	Classification procedure
Not classified	-

The contained information in this SDS are in accordance with Annex II of the COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and its subsequent amendments, in accordance with Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012) as recommended by US OSHA, and in accordance with Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015) as recommended by Health Canada (HC).

Bibliographic references:

- (1) GESTIS International Limit Values, available on http://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de/WebForm_ueliste.aspx
- (2) ACGIH, TLVs and BEIs based on the Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices, 2012
- (3) OSHA Occupational Chemical Database, https://www.osha.gov/chemicaldata/chemResult.html?recNo=2
- (4) 4-nitroaniline, Registration dossier on ECHA, available at http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/data/dossiers/DISS-d018ef27-b601-3c5c-e044-00144f67d249/AGGR-7af23cd1-289d-4962-8eda-cbf579986b83_DISS-d018ef27-b601-3c5c-e044-00144f67d249.html#AGGR-7af23cd1-289d-4962-8eda-cbf579986b83
- (5) The MAK Collection for Occupational Health and Safety Published Online: 14 AUG 2014, available at http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/3527600418.mb10001e3014/pdf
- GESTIS Substance database, 4-Nitroaniline, ZVG 17030
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency September, 2009 Hazard Characterization Document, SCREENING-LEVEL HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION Mononitroanilines Category, 2-Nitrobenzenamine (CASRN 88-74-4), 4-Nitrobenzenamine (CASRN 100-01-6)
- (8) High Productio Volume Chemical Challenge program, test Plan for the Mononitroaniline category, Solutia Inc.
- (9) http://www.salute.gov.it/sicurezzaChimica, MSDS for p-nitroaniline, Code RE 1623
- (10) Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB), p-Nitroaniline, HSN: 1156



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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

1.1 Identification of the mixture

BUFFER, STOCK SOLUTION Product Name:

Product Number: 000654087L

1.2 Use of the mixture:

Relevant use: For in vitro diagnostic use.

Uses advised against: There are no specific uses advised against.

1.3 Company identification: **MANUFACTURER:**

Instrumentation Laboratory Co.

180 Hartwell Road,

Bedford, MA 01730-2443 (USA)

Tel. +1 800 678 0710

Fax +1 781 863 9928

DISTRIBUTOR EU: Via Leonardo da Vinci, 36 20877 Roncello (MB), Italy

DISTRIBUTOR US/CANADA: Instrumentation Laboratory Co.

526 Route 303

Orangeburg, New York 10962 (USA)

E-mail address of the competent person: infosds@mail.ilww.it 1.4 Emergency phone: +44 (0) 3700 492 795

+1 215 207 0061 (USA and Canada)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the mixture:

This product is not hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015).

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
	Not classified	
		For exposure limits see ch. 8

Potential adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

(see also ch. 9-12)

Under normal conditions of use, the mixture does not cause adverse effects to humans and to the environment.

Label elements, according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Hazard pictogram(s):	None
Signal word(s):	None
Hazard statement(s):	None
Precautionary statement(s):	None
	Safety data sheet available on request. (EUH210)
Other labeling details:	Up to 7% of the mixture consists of component of unknown acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation) for the human health.

Use the product in accordance with the Good Laboratory Practice. Safety precautions:

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not let the product enter drainage system, surface and ground-water or soil. Do not empty into drains.

2.3 Other hazards (which do not results in the classification)

The mixture does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB.



Laboratory PHOSPHOLIPID

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Warning:

The product contains bovine material. All donor animals were sourced from BSE-free herds. The cattle received ante- and post mortem health inspection by a veterinarian, and they were apparently free from infectious and contagious material. However, the material should be treated as potentially infectious.

Bovine serum albumin (BSA) might cause allergic skin reaction and/or allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Composition: liquid containing organic and inorganic components, bovine material.

3.1 Hazardous components:

Name	EINECS/ ELINCS n°	CAS n°	Conc. % w/w*	Classification 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS) HPR (WHMIS 2015)	Classification 1272/2008/EC
Tris Hydrochloride	214-684-5	1185-53-1	6-7%	Skin Corrosion/Irritation, cat. 2 Eye damage/Eye Irritation, cat. 2B	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Tris-Hydroxymethyl aminomethane (Tris Amino)	201-064-4	77-86-1	0.4-0.5%	Skin Corrosion/Irritation, cat. 2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315

For exposure limits see ch. 8, for hazard statements text see ch. 16.

* a range may be indicated, considering batch-to batch variation.

The mixture does not contain substances listed in the Hazardous Substance Lists and/or evaluated for carcinogenicity by IARC, NTP, OSHA. See Section 11 and 15.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Ingestion: If swallowed rinse mouth with plenty of water provided person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

Inhalation exposure: If inhaled, move person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered. Get

medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

Contact with skin: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash immediately affected area with soap or mild

detergent and plenty of water until the removal of the mixture (15-20 minutes). Get medical advice if

adverse symptoms appear.

Contact with eyes: Wash immediately with plenty of water or normal saline for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelid open with

the finger. Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Acute: Inhalation: May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Skin: May be irritant for skin. Eyes: May cause irritation.

Ingestion: may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

Delayed: Delayed symptoms and effects are not known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical monitoring: Not foreseen.

Antidotes, if known: Not known.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray or regular foam, CO₂, dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Not known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate toxic and hazardous fumes of COx, HCI, NOx,

Na2O.



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5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective actions: Water jets can be used successfully to cool containers exposed to the fire and disperse fumes.

Equipment for self-protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus, flame and chemical resistant clothing, boots and gloves. Equipment must be conformed with the national/international standards and used in highest condition

of protection on the basis of the information reported in the previous sub-sections.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

Remove the ignition and heat sources, provide sufficient ventilation and evacuate the area. Respiratory protection: is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use masks with approved filter. Suitable protective clothing, rubber or polythene gloves, rubber shoes, safety glasses.

For emergency responders:

Wear appropriate protective equipment (see Section 8) to minimize exposure to the product.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let the product enter drainage system, surface and ground-water or soil. Contact local authorities in case of environmental release. Do not empty into drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material, and clean with plenty of water. collect spilled material in containers. Send to the storage waiting for disposal procedures.

Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle in a well ventilated place, and away from sparkles and flames - sources of ignition. Keep the mixture away from drains, surface or ground waters. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Wear suitable Personal Protection Equipment (see section 8).

Do not eat, drink and smoke in the working areas. Wash hands with soap and water after handling the mixture. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage,

incompatibilities

Recommended temperature: store at 2-8°C. Avoid light exposure and keep away from heat sources. Room ventilation: well ventilated workplace. Keep containers tightly closed and labelled with the name of the product. Avoid environmental release.

Keep away from food and drinks.

7.3 Specific end use

Buffer, Stock solution is intended for in vitro diagnostic use. The product contains bovine material. All donor animals were sourced from BSE-free herds. The cattle received ante- and post mortem health inspection by a veterinarian, and they were apparently free from infectious and contagious material. Bovine serum albumin (BSA) might cause allergic skin reaction and/or allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. However, the material should be treated as potentially infectious. Use the product in accordance with the Good Laboratory Practice.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Community/National occupational exposure limit values: Not established.

Community/National biological exposure limit values: Not established.

DNEL values (components): Not established. PNEC values (components): Not established.

The measurement of substances at the workplace must be carried out with standardized methods or, failing that, with appropriate methods.

8.2 Exposure controls

8. 2. 1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate risk management measures, that must be adopted at the workplace, have to be selected and applied, following the risks assessment carried out by the employer, in connection with his working activity. If the results of this evaluation show that the general and collective prevention measures are not sufficient to reduce the risk, and if you cannot prevent exposure to the mixture by other means, adequate personal protective equipment must be adopted, complying with the relevant technical national/international standards.



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8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are

appropriate, use masks with approved filter.

Use only devices approved by the Competent Authorities such as NIOSH (USA) and CEN (EU).

Skin protection: Protective clothing, rubber gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses.

Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Other protective systems: Personal protective equipment (PPE) useful for reducing individual exposure.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Avoid any release into the environment.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Value Related to

Appearance: Liquid
Odor: not available
Color: not available

pH: 7.2 – 7.4 Mixture

Flammability: Aqueous solution, not expected to be flammable Explosive properties: Aqueous solution, not expected to be explosive Oxidizing properties: Aqueous solution, not expected to be oxidant

Density: Not available Solubility: not available

Water Solubility: miscible Mixture

Melting point/range: Liquid, not applicable

9.2 Other information

Miscibility miscible

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity This mixture is considered not reactive under the normal conditions of the usage.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable until the expiration date shown on the box and on the labels when stored at 2 –

8 °C.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Not foreseen.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat and light.

10.5 Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate toxic and hazardous fumes of COx, HCl, NOx,

Na20.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The health effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms and effects for each route of exposure:

Dermal: May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Contact with eyes: May cause eye irritation.



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Other:

The product contains bovine serum albumin; might cause might cause allergic skin reaction and/or allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Toxicokinetic effects (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Excretion):

Tris amino: is not metabolized appreciably and is eliminated by the kidneys. Ionized tromethamine is excreted by kidney, so the effect is that of excretion of hydrogen ions. Elimination of drug from body is entirely by renal excretion. It is not known whether tromethamine is

nor Emiliation of drug from St	ouy is criticily	by remare exercises in the fact tallown whe			
Value	m.u.	Effects		Related to	
LD50 (rat) > 3,000	mg/kg		(2)	Tris Amino	
LD50 (rat) > 5,000	mg/kg		(3)	Tris Amino	
not available					
not available					
tromethamine was not irritarabbits at pH 10.4 but wer methyl-1-Propanol (AMP) w	ating. Intrade e only mildly as found to	Intradermal injections of tromethamine were severely irritating to mildly irritating at pH 7.4. The supporting substance 2-Amino-2 and to be irritating to rabbits, with burrowing lesions noted when			
Tris Hydrochloride: irritant to	skin (read a	cross from Tris Amino).			
Tris Amino (100%) was not	an ocular irrit	cant when administered to rabbits. (2)			
Tris Hydrochloride: mild eye	e irritant in rab	obits. (5)			
Tris Amino: The supporting of	chemical AMP	is not sensitizing to guinea pig skin. $^{(2)}$			
Tris Hydrochloride: Not a ser	nsitizer in exp	erimental animals. ⁽⁵⁾			
	Value LD50 (rat) > 3,000 LD50 (rat) > 5,000 not available not available Tris Amino: Tromethamine tromethamine was not irritarabbits at pH 10.4 but wer methyl-1-Propanol (AMP) wapplied to abraded skin sites Tris Hydrochloride: irritant to Tris Amino (100%) was not Tris Hydrochloride: mild eye Tris Amino: The supporting of	Value m.u. LD50 (rat) > 3,000 mg/kg LD50 (rat) > 5,000 mg/kg not available not available Tris Amino: Tromethamine was a mild tromethamine was not irritating. Intraderabbits at pH 10.4 but were only mildly methyl-1-Propanol (AMP) was found to applied to abraded skin sites; there was marked triangle and the skin (read action of the skin (read action of the skin (100%) was not an ocular irritation of the skin (100%) was not an ocular irritation of the skin ocular irritation	Value m.u. Effects LD50 (rat) > 3,000 mg/kg LD50 (rat) > 5,000 mg/kg not available not available Tris Amino: Tromethamine was a mild irritant to rabbits at 25% with a ptromethamine was not irritating. Intradermal injections of tromethamine were rabbits at pH 10.4 but were only mildly irritating at pH 7.4. The supporting somethyl-1-Propanol (AMP) was found to be irritating to rabbits, with burrowing	LD50 (rat) > 3,000 mg/kg (2) LD50 (rat) > 5,000 mg/kg (3) not available not available Tris Amino: Tromethamine was a mild irritant to rabbits at 25% with a pH of tromethamine was not irritating. Intradermal injections of tromethamine were sever rabbits at pH 10.4 but were only mildly irritating at pH 7.4. The supporting substarmethyl-1-Propanol (AMP) was found to be irritating to rabbits, with burrowing lesion applied to abraded skin sites; there was mild irritation noted when applied to unabraded Tris Hydrochloride: irritant to skin (read across from Tris Amino). Tris Amino (100%) was not an ocular irritant when administered to rabbits. (2) Tris Hydrochloride: mild eye irritant in rabbits. (5)	

Bovine serum albumin (BSA), which is present in bovine plasma, could develop allergic skin reactions in laboratory workers after dealing with BSA powder. Based on the available data, the criteria for classification are not satisfied.

Respiratory sensitization: Bovine serum albumin (BSA), which is present in bovine plasma, could develop allergic reactions in

laboratory workers after dealing with BSA powder. It is reported a case of occupational asthma and rhinitis in a laboratory worker caused by the inhalation of 100% BSA powder. The patient had a high serum-spercific IqE level to BSA, and experienced severe systemic reactions, including eye itching, conjunctivitis, rhinorrhea, nasal obstruction, sneezing, shortness of breath, bronchospasm and decreased blood pressure. It was suggested an IgE-mediated response as the pathogenic mechanism.

(7) Based on the available data, the criteria for classification are not satisfied.

CMR effects

Germ cell mutagenicity; Tris Amino: The supporting chemical, AMP, was not mutagenic to bacteria and mammalian cells in vitro,

and did not induce micronuclei in mice in vivo.

Tris Hydrochloride: Ames test negative. (6)

Reproductive toxicity: Tris Amino: In an oral gavage combined reproductive/developmental toxicity screening test in rats no

effects on reproductive or developmental parameters were observed at the doses tested; the NOAEL for

reproductive and developmental toxicity is 1000 mg/kg-day, the highest dose tested. (2)

Substances listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens, in the International Carcinogenesis:

Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs or found to be potential carcinogen by OSHA:

OSHA IARC Substance NTP No component listed

Tris Amino: based on the available data, the substance is not carcinogenic. (4)

Not available. STOT -single exposure

STOT - repeated exposure There are no documented long-term effects of TRIS AMINO treatment, and no serious side-effects on

record that are directly attributed to treatment with the compound. (3)

Not available. Aspiration hazards Not available. Other information:



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Reasons for the lack of classification:

Where the mixture resulted in a non-classification, this may be due to the availability of data which does not impose a classification for that specific end-point, or due to lack of data, or due to availability of inconclusive data or data which are not sufficient to get a classification as for the criteria adopted in Regulations mentioned in this data sheet.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The environmental effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

provid	ica beliow.					
12.1	Toxicity	species, media, units, test duration and test conditions.		Related to		
	Acute toxicity with fish:	LC50 Leuciscus idus > 10,000 mg/L/ 96-h	(2)	Tris Amino		
	Chronic toxicity with fish:	Not available				
	Acute toxicity with crustaceans:	Water fleas (Daphnia magna) were exposed to AMP at unspecified concentrations for 48 hours. $LC50 = 193 \text{ mg/L/48 h}$. EC50 daphnia > 100 mg/l/48h		Tris Amino		
				Tris HCl		
	Chronic toxicity with crustaceans:	Not available				
	Acute toxicity with algae:	EC50 Selenastrum capricornutum >100 mg/L/ 96 h	(2)	Tris Amino		
	Chronic toxicity with algae:	Not available.				
	Toxicity data on soil micro- and macroorganisms	Not available Not available				
	Toxicity data on birds, bees and plants:					
12.2		Tris Amino is not readily biodegradable is expected to have moderate persistence. (1)				
	degradability:	<i>Tris Hydrochloride:</i> readily biodegradable. ⁽⁶⁾				
12.3	Bioaccumulation potential:	Tris-Hydroxymethyl aminomethane is expected to have low bioaccumulation potential	al. ⁽¹⁾)		
12.4	Mobility in soil:	Tris Amino is expected to have high mobility in soil. (2)				

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not performed.

12.6 Other toxic effects:

Not available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

National laws on disposal must be considered, local and UE requirements for wastes recycling must be respected.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Used waste product, surplus product or spillage products shall be disposed of in accordance with national, state and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA and DOT regulations.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulations

- · Council Directive 89/391/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work (Official Journal L 183, 29/06/1989 P. 0001 - 0008) and following amendment and National reinforcements.
- Council Directive 89/686/EEC of 21 December 1989 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the personal protective equipment.
- Council Directive 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC) Official Journal L 131, 05/05/1998 P. 0011 - 0023.
- Council Directive 98/79/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 October 1998 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices.
- *Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).
- *Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures 2008 (and subsequent amendments and supplements).

Restriction of use: none

Substance(s) under authorization: none

US Federal Regulations:

State	Components listed	Note
Massachusetts	No component listed	
New York	No component listed	
New Jersey	No component listed	-
Pennsylvania	No component listed	

California Prop. 65

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	NSRL or MADL (μg/day)	
No component listed				

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	No component listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	No component listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	No component listed

EPA List of Lists

Regulatory Name	CAS No./SARA/ 313 Category Code ¹	SARA/ EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ "	SARA/ EPCRA 304 EHS RQ ^{III}	CERCLA RQ [™]	SARA/EPCRA 313 TRI ^V	RCRA Code VI	CAA 112(r) RMP TQ ^{VII}
No component listed							

SARA/313 Category Code: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code

<u>United States Inventory</u> (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL): All components are listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

• Edition n. 01, dated 05/19/2012. Revisions:

> • Revision n. 01, dated 10/21/2015. Main changes are in sections 2 to16, adapting the SDS format and contents to Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012), Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015), and Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Acronyms: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

[&]quot;SARA/EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 302 Category Code)

SARA/EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 304 Category Code)

[&]quot;CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)

VISARA/EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code)

VIRCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code

VII CAA 112(r) RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112(r))



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ADR: Agreement concerning the carriage of dangerous goods by Road

BCF: Bioaccumulative factor BEI: Biological Esposure Indices

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service (division of the American Chemical Society

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Levels

EC50: the effect concentration associated with 50% response. EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association Code IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

MADL: Maximum Allowable Daily (or Dose) Level NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level)

NOEC: no observed effect concentration, means the test concentration immediately below the lowest

tested concentration with statistically significant adverse effect.

NSRL: National Science Research Laboratory

NTP: National Toxicology Program
OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PPE: Personal protective Equipment

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substances

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID: Regulation concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail

TLV/TWA: Threshold Limit Value/Threshold Weighted Average

vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (air concentration of agents in a healthy worker's

breathing zone)

Information related to the Regulation EC/1272/2008:

Hazard statement(s): H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Information on workers training: Follow National requirements to ensure protection of human health and the environment.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Classification:	Classification procedure
Not classified	-

The contained information in this SDS are in accordance with Annex II of the COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and its subsequent amendments, in accordance with Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012) as recommended by US OSHA, and in accordance with Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015) as recommended by Health Canada (HC).

Bibliographic references:

- (1) HSDB Hazardous Substances Databank, Tromethamine
- (2) Screening-Level Hazard Characterization, Sponsored chemical 2-Amino-2-hydroxymethyl-1,3-propanediol (TRIS AMINO) CASRN 77-86-1, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Hazard Characterization Document, September, 2014
- (3) ECHA, Registration Dossier, Tromethamine, http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/data/dossiers/DISS-d7f60455-0965-1602-e044-00144f67d031/AGGR-932e53a4-4218-4161-b380-2c99a562941f_DISS-d7f60455-0965-1602-e044-00144f67d031.html#AGGR-932e53a4-4218-4161-b380-2c99a562941f
- (4) TEST PLAN For Tris(hydroxymethy1)aminomethane (77-86-1) Submitted to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Under the High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals Challenge Program The Dow Chemical Company Midland, Michigan, 48674
- (5) Haz-Map, Tromethamine hydrochloride, available at http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/category-details?table=copytblagents&id=18456
- (6) Sigma Aldrich, SDS for Tromethamine Hydrochloride, Version 5.0, revision date 17.10.2013
- (7) http://e-aair.org Allergy, Asthma and Immunology Research (AAIR) 2009, October, Occupational asthma caused by inhalation of bovine serum albumin powder, Case report



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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY

1.1 Identification of the mixture

Product Name: Phospholipid
Product Number: 000654088L

1.2 Use of the mixture:

Relevant use: For in vitro diagnostic use.

Uses advised against: There are no specific uses advised against.

1.3 Company identification: MANUFACTURER:

Instrumentation Laboratory Co.

180 Hartwell Road,

Bedford, MA 01730-2443 (USA)

Tel. +1 800 678 0710 Fax +1 781 863 9928 Via Leonardo da Vinci, 36 20877 Roncello (MB), Italy

DISTRIBUTOR EU:

<u>DISTRIBUTOR US/CANADA:</u> Instrumentation Laboratory Co.

526 Route 303

Orangeburg, New York 10962 (USA)

E-mail address of the competent person: infosds@mail.ilww.it

1.4 Emergency phone: +44 (0) 3700 492 795

+1 215 207 0061 (USA and Canada)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the mixture:

This product is not hazardous according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015).

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

according to Hazardous Froduct Regulation III It (11111 125 2025).				
Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement		
	Not classified			
		For exposure limits see ch. 8		

Potential adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

(see also ch. 9-12)

Under normal conditions of use, the mixture does not cause adverse effects to humans and to the environment.

2.2 Label elements, according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Hazard pictogram(s):	None
Signal word(s):	None
Hazard statement(s):	None
Precautionary statement(s):	None
Other labeling details:	Up to 40.4% of the mixture consists of component of unknown acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation) for the human health.

Safety precautions:

Use the product in accordance with the Good Laboratory Practice.

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not let the product enter drainage system, surface and ground-water or soil. Do not empty into drains.

2.3 Other hazards (which do not results in the classification)

The mixture does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB.



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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Composition: liquid containing organic and inorganic components.

3.1 Hazardous components:

Name	EINECS/ ELINCS n°	CAS n°	Conc. % w/w*	Classification 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS) HPR (WHMIS 2015)	Classification 1272/2008/EC
Tris Hydrochloride	214-684-5	1185-53-1	0.3-0.4%	Skin Corrosion/Irritation, cat. 2 Eye damage/Eye Irritation, cat. 2B	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Tris-Hydroxymethyl aminomethane (Tris Amino)	201-064-4	77-86-1	< 0.1%	Skin Corrosion/Irritation, 2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315

For exposure limits see ch. 8, for hazard statements text see ch. 16.

* a range may be indicated, considering batch-to batch variation.

The mixture does not contain substances listed in the Hazardous Substance Lists and/or evaluated for carcinogenicity by IARC, NTP, OSHA, See Section 11 and 15.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Ingestion: If swallowed rinse mouth with plenty of water provided person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting.

Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

Inhalation exposure: If inhaled, move person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered. Get

medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

Contact with skin: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash immediately affected area with soap or mild

detergent and plenty of water until the removal of the mixture (15-20 minutes). Get medical advice if

adverse symptoms appear.

Contact with eyes: Wash immediately with plenty of water or normal saline for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelid open with

the finger. Get medical advice if adverse symptoms appear.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Acute: Inhalation: May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Skin: May be irritant for skin. Eyes: May cause irritation.

Ingestion: may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

Delayed: Delayed symptoms and effects are not known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical monitoring: Not foreseen.

Antidotes, if known: Not known.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray or regular foam, CO₂, dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Not known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate toxic and hazardous fumes of COx, HCl, NOx.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective actions: Water jets can be used successfully to cool containers exposed to the fire and disperse fumes.

Equipment for self-protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus, flame and chemical resistant clothing, boots and gloves.

Equipment must be conformed with the national/international standards and used in highest condition

of protection on the basis of the information reported in the previous sub-sections.



aboratory PHOSPHOLIPID

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

Remove the ignition and heat sources, provide sufficient ventilation and evacuate the area. Respiratory protection: is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use masks with approved filter. Suitable protective clothing, rubber or polythene gloves,

rubber shoes, safety glasses.

For emergency responders: Wear appropriate protective equipment (see Section 8) to minimize exposure to the product.

6.2 Environmental precautions Do not let the product enter drainage system, surface and ground-water or soil. Contact local

authorities in case of environmental release. Do not empty into drains.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material, and clean with plenty of water. collect spilled material in

containers. Send to the storage waiting for disposal procedures.

6.4 Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling Handle in a well ventilated place, and away from sparkles and flames - sources of ignition. Keep the

mixture away from drains, surface or ground waters. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Wear

suitable Personal Protection Equipment (see section 8).

Do not eat, drink and smoke in the working areas. Wash hands with soap and water after handling the mixture. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage,

incompatibilities

Recommended temperature: store at 2-8°C. Avoid light exposure and keep away from heat sources. Room ventilation: well ventilated workplace. Keep containers tightly closed and labelled with the name

of the product. Avoid environmental release.

Keep away from food and drinks.

7.3 Specific end use *Phospholipid* is intended for in vitro diagnostic use. Use the product in accordance with the Good

Laboratory Practice.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Community/National occupational exposure limit values: Not established.

Community/National biological exposure limit values: Not established.

DNEL values (components): Not established. **PNEC values (components):** Not established.

The measurement of substances at the workplace must be carried out with standardized methods or, failing that, with appropriate methods.

8.2 Exposure controls

8. 2. 1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate risk management measures, that must be adopted at the workplace, have to be selected and applied, following the risks assessment carried out by the employer, in connection with his working activity. If the results of this evaluation show that the general and collective prevention measures are not sufficient to reduce the risk, and if you cannot prevent exposure to the mixture by other means, adequate personal protective equipment must be adopted, complying with the relevant technical national/international standards.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection is not required. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are

appropriate, use masks with approved filter.

Use only devices approved by the Competent Authorities such as NIOSH (USA) and CEN (EU).

Skin protection: Protective clothing, rubber gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses.
Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Other protective systems: Personal protective equipment (PPE) useful for reducing individual exposure.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Avoid any release into the environment.



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Related to

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Liquid
Odor: not available
Color: not available

pH: not available Mixture

Flammability: Aqueous solution, not expected to be flammable Explosive properties: Aqueous solution, not expected to be explosive Oxidizing properties: Aqueous solution, not expected to be oxidant

Value

Density: Not available Solubility: not available

Water Solubility: miscible Mixture

Melting point/range: Liquid, not applicable

9.2 Other information

Miscibility miscible

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity This mixture is considered not reactive under the normal conditions of the usage.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable until the expiration date shown on the box and on the labels when stored at 2 –

8 °C.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Not foreseen.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat and light.

10.5 Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition

products:

Thermal decomposition or combustion may generate toxic and hazardous fumes of COx, HCl, NOx.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The health effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms and effects for each route of exposure:

Dermal: May cause skin irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause irritation to the gastrointestinal mucous membranes.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Contact with eyes: May cause eye irritation.

Other: The product contains bovine serum albumin; might cause might cause allergic skin reaction and/or

allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Toxicokinetic effects (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism, Excretion):

Tris amino: is not metabolized appreciably and is eliminated by the kidneys. Ionized tromethamine is excreted by kidney, so the effect is that of excretion of hydrogen ions. Elimination of drug from body is entirely by renal excretion. It is not known whether tromethamine is distributed into human milk. ⁽¹⁾

Acute toxicity	Value	m.u. Effects		Related to
Oral:	LD50 (rat) > 3,000	mg/kg	(2)	Tris Amino
<u>Dermal:</u>	LD50 (rat) > 5,000	mg/kg	(3)	Tris Amino
Inhalation:	not available			
Other data:	not available			



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Skin Corrosion/Irritation Tris Amino: Tromethamine was a mild irritant to rabbits at 25% with a pH of 10.8. At 40%,

tromethamine was not irritating. Intradermal injections of tromethamine were severely irritating to rabbits at pH 10.4 but were only mildly irritating at pH 7.4. The supporting substance 2-Amino-2methyl-1-Propanol (AMP) was found to be irritating to rabbits, with burrowing lesions noted when applied to abraded skin sites; there was mild irritation noted when applied to unabraded skin. (2)

Tris Hydrochloride: irritant to skin (read across from Tris Amino).

Serious eye damage/ irritation Tris Amino (100%) was not an ocular irritant when administered to rabbits. (2)

Tris Hydrochloride: mild eye irritant in rabbits. (5)

Sensitization:

Tris Amino: The supporting chemical AMP is not sensitizing to guinea pig skin. (2) Skin sensitization:

Tris Hydrochloride: Not a sensitizer in experimental animals. (5)

not available Respiratory sensitization:

CMR effects

Germ cell mutagenicity; Tris Amino: The supporting chemical, AMP, was not mutagenic to bacteria and mammalian cells in vitro,

and did not induce micronuclei in mice in vivo.

Tris Hydrochloride: Ames test negative. (6)

Tris Amino: In an oral gavage combined reproductive/developmental toxicity screening test in rats no Reproductive toxicity:

effects on reproductive or developmental parameters were observed at the doses tested; the NOAEL for

reproductive and developmental toxicity is 1000 mg/kg-day, the highest dose tested. (2)

Substances listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens, in the International Carcinogenesis:

Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs or found to be potential carcinogen by OSHA:

Substance **OSHA** IARC NTP No component listed

Tris Amino: based on the available data, the substance is not carcinogenic. (4)

STOT -single exposure Not available.

STOT - repeated exposure There are no documented long-term effects of TRIS AMINO treatment, and no serious side-effects on

record that are directly attributed to treatment with the compound. (3)

Aspiration hazards Not available. Other information: Not available.

Reasons for the lack of classification:

Where the mixture resulted in a non-classification, this may be due to the availability of data which does not impose a classification for that specific end-point, or due to lack of data, or due to availability of inconclusive data or data which are not sufficient to get a classification as for the criteria adopted in Regulations mentioned in this data sheet.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The environmental effects of the product have not been thoroughly investigated. Data on toxicological effects of the hazardous ingredients are provided bellow.

species, media, units, test duration and test conditions. Related to 12.1 Toxicity

LC50 Leuciscus idus > 10,000 mg/L/ 96-h Tris Amino Acute toxicity with fish:

Chronic toxicity with fish: Not available

Water fleas (Daphnia magna) were exposed to AMP at unspecified concentrations Tris Amino Acute toxicity with crustaceans:

for 48 hours. LC50 = 193 mg/L/48 h.

EC50 daphnia > 100 mg/l/48h Tris HCl

Chronic toxicity with

crustaceans:

Not available

Acute toxicity with algae: Tris Amino EC50 Selenastrum capricornutum > 100 mg/L/ 96 h

Chronic toxicity with algae: Not available. Toxicity data on soil micro- and Not available.

macroorganisms

Toxicity data on birds, bees and Not available

plants:

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12.2 Persistency and *Tris Amino* is not readily biodegradable is expected to have moderate persistence. ⁽¹⁾

degradability:Tris Hydrochloride: readily biodegradable. (6)

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential: *Tris-Hydroxymethyl aminomethane* is expected to have low bioaccumulation potential. ⁽¹⁾

12.4 Mobility in soil: *Tris Amino* is expected to have high mobility in soil. ⁽²⁾

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Not performed.

12.6 Other toxic effects: Not available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

National laws on disposal must be considered, local and UE requirements for wastes recycling must be respected.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Used waste product, surplus product or spillage products shall be disposed of in accordance with national, state and local laws.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified in accordance with ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA and DOT regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulations

- Council Directive 89/391/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health of workers at work (Official Journal L 183, 29/06/1989 P. 0001 0008) and following amendment and National reinforcements.
- Council Directive 89/686/EEC of 21 December 1989 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to the personal protective equipment.
- $^{\circ}$ Council Directive 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work (fourteenth individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC) Official Journal L 131 , 05/05/1998 P. 0011 0023.
- Council Directive 98/79/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 October 1998 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices.
- *Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).
- *Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures 2008 (and subsequent amendments and supplements).

Restriction of use: none

Substance(s) under authorization: none

US Federal Regulations:

State	Components listed	Note
Massachusetts	No component listed	
New York	No component listed	
New Jersey	No component listed	-
Pennsylvania	No component listed	

California Prop. 65

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	NSRL or MADL (μg/day)		
No component listed					

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	No component listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	No component listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	No component listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	No component listed



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EPA List of Lists

Regulatory Name	CAS No./SARA/ 313 Category Code ¹	SARA/ EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ "	SARA/ EPCRA 304 EHS RQ "	CERCLA RQ ^{IV}	SARA/EPCRA 313 TRI ^V	RCRA Code VI	CAA 112(r) RMP TQ VII
No component listed							

SARA/313 Category Code: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code

<u>United States Inventory</u> (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL): All components are listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revisions: • Edition n. 01, dated 05/19/2012.

• Revision n. 01, dated 10/21/2015. Main changes are in sections 2 to16, adapting the SDS format and contents to Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012), Hazardous Product Parallelia (HCS) and HCS) and HCS (HCS) and HCS (HCS)

Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015), and Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Acronyms: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

ADR: Agreement concerning the carriage of dangerous goods by Road

BCF: Bioaccumulative factor BEI: Biological Esposure Indices

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service (division of the American Chemical Society

CLP: Classification, Labeling and Packaging

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Levels

EC50: the effect concentration associated with 50% response. EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association Code IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

MADL: Maximum Allowable Daily (or Dose) Level NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level)

NOEC: no observed effect concentration, means the test concentration immediately below the lowest

tested concentration with statistically significant adverse effect.

NSRL: National Science Research Laboratory

NTP: National Toxicology Program OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PPE: Personal protective Equipment

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substances

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID: Regulation concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail

TLV/TWA: Threshold Limit Value/Threshold Weighted Average

vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (air concentration of agents in a healthy worker's

breathing zone)

[&]quot; SARA/EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 302 Category Code)

[&]quot;I SARA/EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 304 Category Code)

IVCERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)

VISARA/EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code)

vi**RCRA Code:** Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code

VII CAA 112(r) RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112(r))



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Information related to the Regulation EC/1272/2008:

Hazard statement(s): H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Information on workers training: Follow National requirements to ensure protection of human health and the environment.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, according to Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HCS), and according to HPR (WHMIS 2015):

Classification:	Classification procedure
Not classified	•

The contained information in this SDS are in accordance with Annex II of the COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and its subsequent amendments, in accordance with Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012) as recommended by US OSHA, and in accordance with Hazardous Product Regulation HPR (WHMIS 2015) as recommended by Health Canada (HC).

Bibliographic references:

- (1) HSDB Hazardous Substances Databank, Tromethamine
- (2) Screening-Level Hazard Characterization, Sponsored chemical 2-Amino-2-hydroxymethyl-1,3-propanediol (TRIS AMINO) CASRN 77-86-1, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Hazard Characterization Document, September, 2014
- (3) ECHA, Registration Dossier, Tromethamine, http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/data/dossiers/DISS-d7f60455-0965-1602-e044-00144f67d031/AGGR-932e53a4-4218-4161-b380-2c99a562941f_DISS-d7f60455-0965-1602-e044-00144f67d031.html#AGGR-932e53a4-4218-4161-b380-2c99a562941f
- (4) TEST PLAN For Tris(hydroxymethy1)aminomethane (77-86-1) Submitted to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Under the High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals Challenge Program The Dow Chemical Company Midland, Michigan, 48674
- (5) Haz-Map, Tromethamine hydrochloride, available at http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/category-details?table=copytblagents&id=18456
- (6) Sigma Aldrich, SDS for Tromethamine Hydrochloride, Version 5.0, revision date 17.10.2013