Measuring What Matters: Proliferation and Cell Death Biomarkers for Oncology Research

Thymidine Kinase 1 and Keratin 18

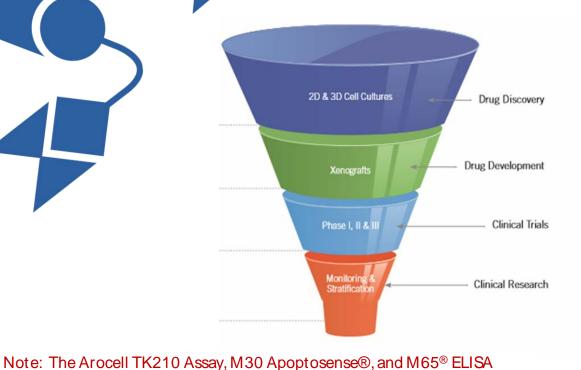


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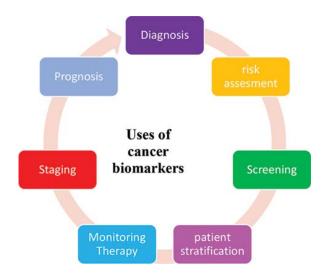


Qualities of a Good Biomarker



Rapid and Robust Non-invasive sample collection

High-throughput

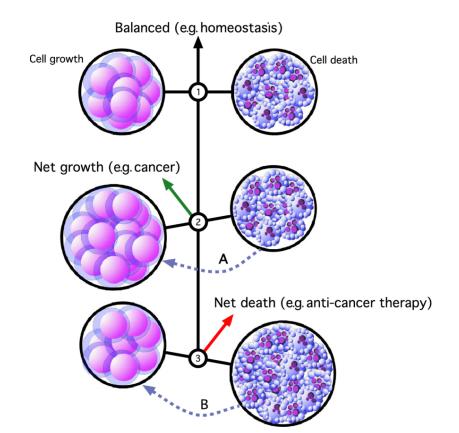


- Specific / Sensitive / Relevant to Disease
- Accurate quantitation

assays are for RESEARCH USE ONLY in the US.



Cancer: Fundamentally a disease of regulation of growth

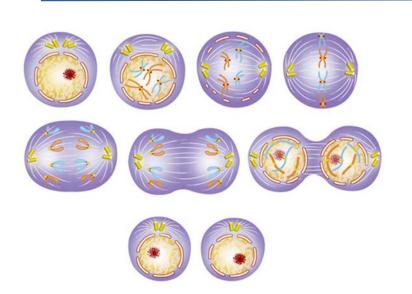


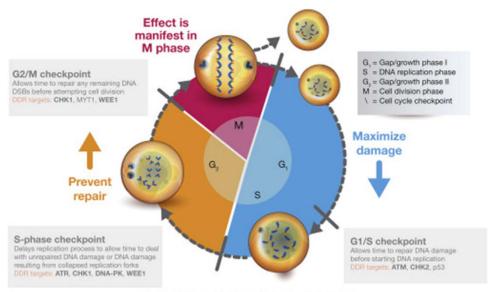


Cell Proliferation



Proliferation as an Indicator and Target





Combinations with immunotherapy may achieve immune-mediated cell death at lower DNA damage thresholds



BIOMARKERS FOR PROLIFERATING CELLS

DNA Replication Indicators

- Mitosis Counting
- BrdU, ³H Thymidine, etc.

Protein Biomarkers

Ki-67: Nuclear protein expressed in G1, S, G2 and M phases of cell

cycle, but absent in G0.

PCNA: Nuclear protein elevated during the G1/S phase of the cell

cycle.

PTTG: Securin protein degraded at anaphase onset.

TK1: Enzyme involved in DNA synthesis that are elevated during S

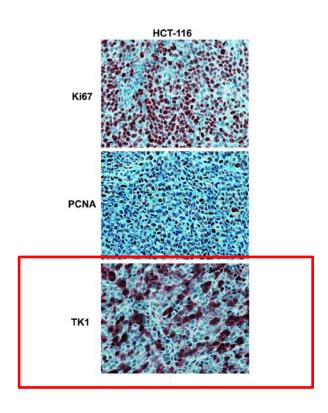
phase.



BIOMARKERS FOR PROLIFERATING CELLS

IMMUNOHISTOLOGICAL BIOMARKERS

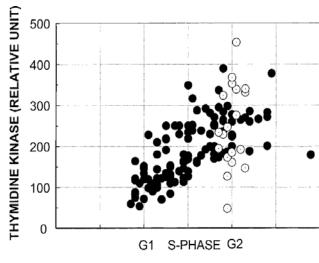
- Require biopsy invasive
- Labor intensive
- Sampling issues
- Low reproducibility / subjective





TK1 (Thymidine Kinase 1)

- TK1 has a key function in the synthesis of DNA
- TK1 is synthesized during S phase and is degraded after cell division
- In cancer events, TK1's cell cycle regulation is lost and TK1 levels are upregulated.



DNA CONTENT

The relationship between fluorescence intensity of TK1 positive cells (Texas Red) and DNA content (DAPI) in 152 PC-3 cells. Mitotic cells are indicated by open circles.

(Wang, 2001)



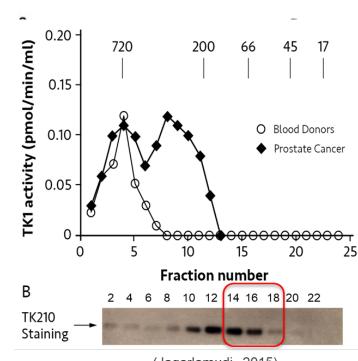
TK1 (Thymidine Kinase 1)

Elevated TK1 enzymatic activity has long been used as a blood cancer biomarker, but the radioactive nature of the activity assay is not ideal.

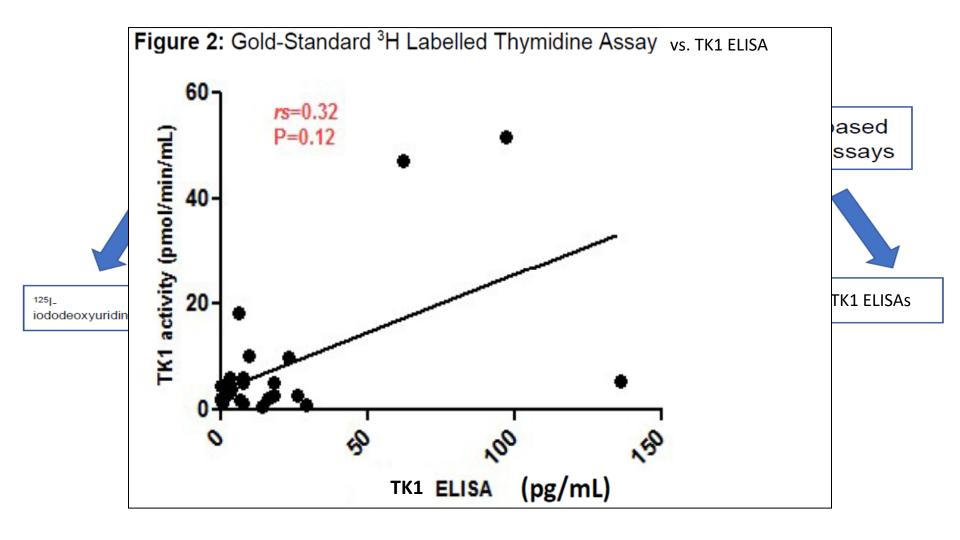
Activity levels ≠ better measurement

In the case of solid tumors, serum TK1 protein levels are also elevated. The problem is that TK1 activity is low in fractions where protein levels are still high.

Thus, for solid tumors, important information might be missed with an activity assay and there is **a need of an antigen based assay**.

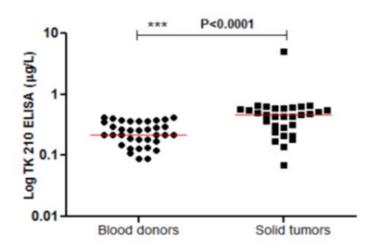


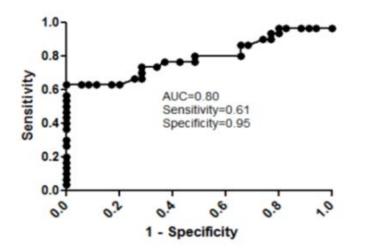
(Jagarlamudi, 2015)



Arocell TK210 ELISA

- Developed components that cleared the hurdle of the complexes
 - Established a buffer to dissociate complexes increases detection capacity
 - Monclonal antibody against aa 210 increases sensitivity
- Results:
 - More robust ELISA that correlates better with the gold standard of enzymatic activity
 - Sensitive and specific research tool for solid tumors





Benefits TK210 ELISA



BENEFITS TO CELL CULTURE:

Efficacy, tolerance, and dose response

BENEFITS OF TK 210 ELISA FOR XENOGRAFT STUDIES:

- Specific for human TK1 protein, thus can discriminate between human and mouse TK1 and TK2
- Measure drug effects over time, without the need to sacrifice the animal

BENEFITS OF TK 210 ELISA FOR CLINICAL RESEARCH STUDIES:

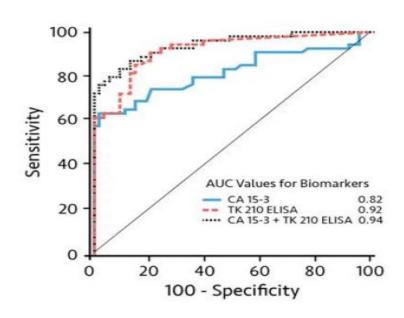
Non-invasive serum based marker

New tools for clinical researchers (hematology and solid tumors):

- Hematology Old dog / New trick: Reintroduction of TK1 with a new look... TK1 protein levels are
 just as good as activity measurements for blood tumor research but without the hassles of activity
 assays.
- Solid tumor- New Kid on the Block: New marker to look at for solid tumor research that is just now being explored.

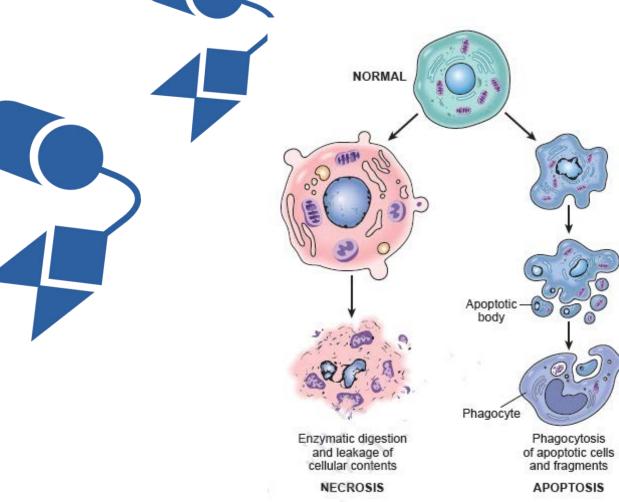


Serum TK1 as a Breast Cancer Research Marker

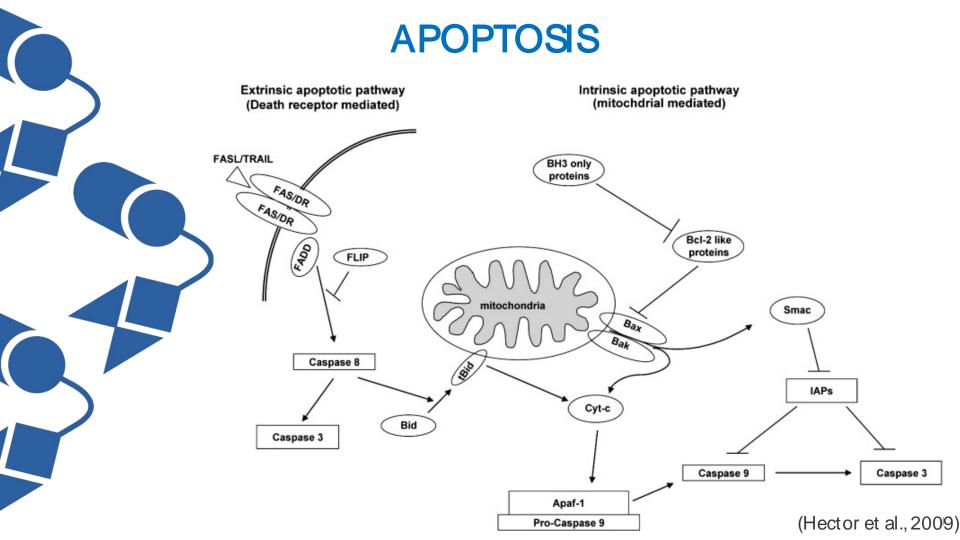




Cell Death

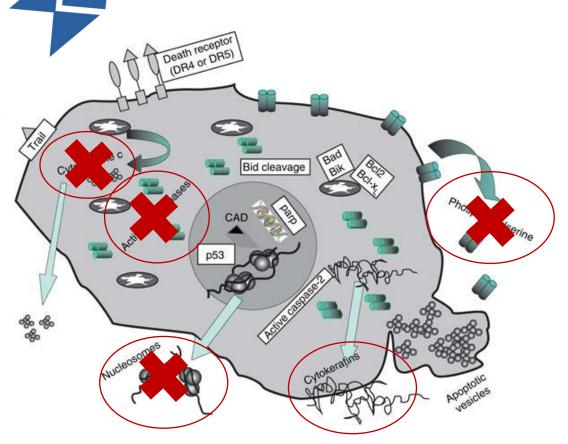








APOPTOSISBIOMARKERS



Desired Qualities:

- Apoptosis specific
- ✓ Quantitative
- ✓ High-throughput
- ✓ Endpoint marker
- ✓ In the blood

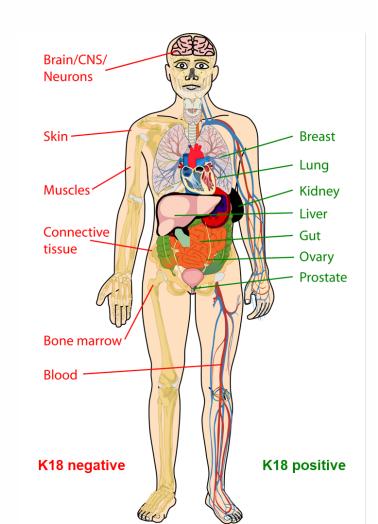
Keratin 18 (K18) (Cytokeratin 18, CK18)

Keratin 18 is found in almost all **epithelial** cells in the body, e.g.:

- liver
- lung
- intestines
- breast
- prostate

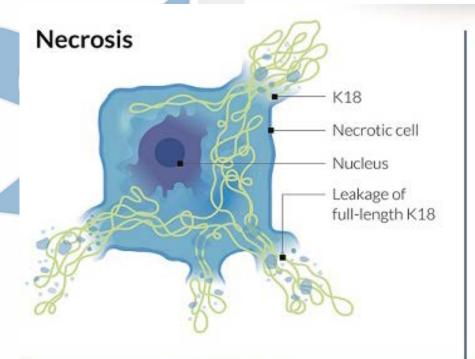
and tumors of these organs.

K18 is **not** expressed by neurons, muscle and connective tissues, skin and cells of the immune system.

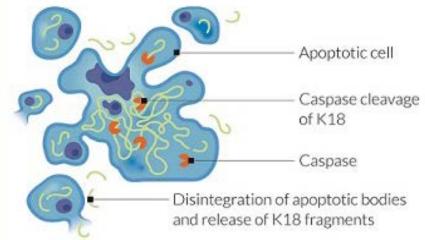




Cell death



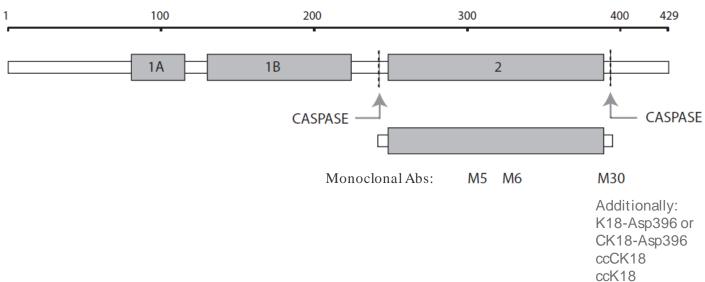
Apoptosis



Only intact K18

Caspase-cleaved K18

Keratin 18





M65® and M30 Apoptosense® ELISAs

Only intact K18	Caspase-cleaved K18
	Asp396-Neoepitope
M65® ELISA M65 EpiDeath® ELISA	M30 Apoptosense® ELISA M30 CytoDeath™ ELISA
M5 M5 M5 M5 M6 M6	M30
Measurement of intact and cleaved K18	Measurement of cleaved K18 only

The M65 ELISAs measure total cell death

(necrosis and apoptosis)

Measurement of cleaved K18 only

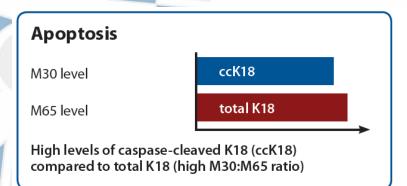
The M30 ELISAs measure only apoptosis

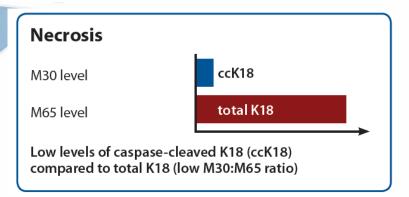


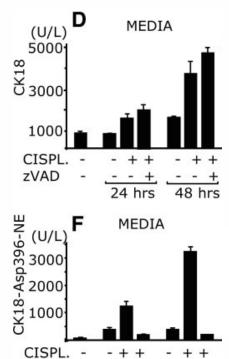
Necrosis or Apoptosis?

zVAD







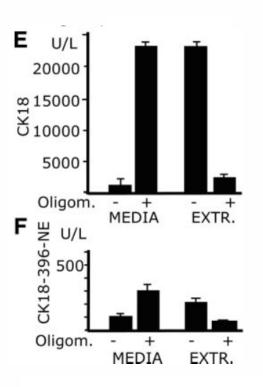


24 hrs

48 hrs

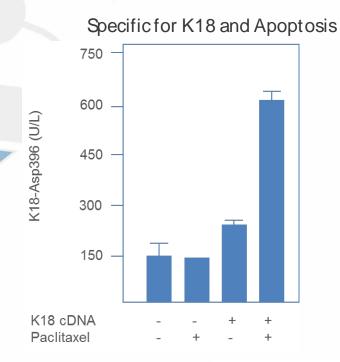
Apoptosis

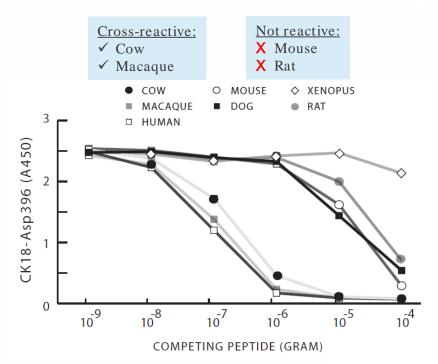
Necrosis





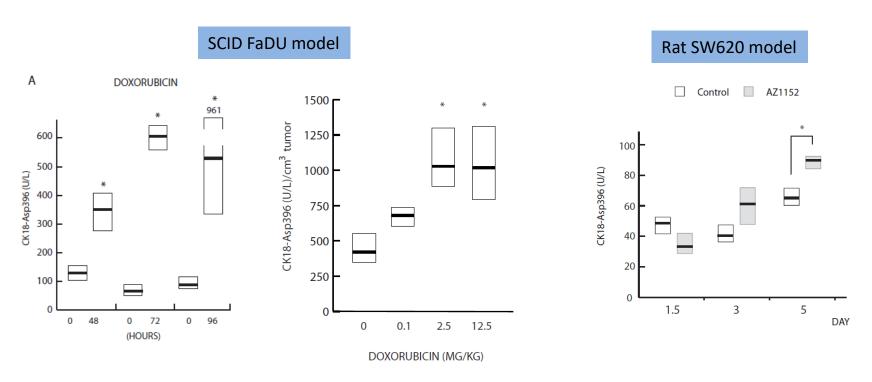
M30® mAb Specificity and Cross-reactivity





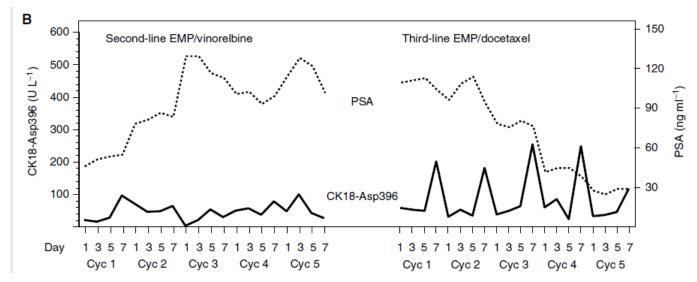


Keratin 18 Use as a Biomarker in Xenograft Modeling





Keratin 18 Apoptotic Fragment for Clinical Research



Efficacy of a new cancer drug can be shown by peaks of cell death upon successful dosing.





Take-Home Messages:

- 1- TK1 protein (via **TK210 ELISA**) as a proliferation marker, and caspase-cleaved Keratin 18 (**M30 Apoptosense**[®] **ELISA** and the M65[®] ELISA) as an apoptosis marker, have strong support as relevant biomarkers for oncology studies.
- 2- Both of these biomarkers are valuable for the whole drug development process because of their uses *in vitro* studies and xenograft models to clinical studies.





Product Overview



M30 CytoDEATH ™mAb
 M6 & M5 Keratin 18 mAb

All Products are for RESEARCH USE ONLY in the US



ELISA Products

TK210 ELISA



ELISA Products M30 CytoDeath ELISA M30 Apoptosense® ELISA M30 CytoDeath TMELISA M65® ELISA M65® ELISA M65 EpiDeath® ELISA Antibody Products

These products, as well as other unique oncology markers, can be found at:

www.diapharma.com

Customer Support: 1.800.526.5224 Technical Support: 1.800.447.3846 Email: info@diapharma.com