

SARS-CoV-2 NP Ab ELISA Kit

(CAT NO: 41A225R)

For the qualitative determination of human anti-SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid protein (NP) ELISA (total antibodies) in human serum or plasma

This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this product

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INTENDED USE

SARS-CoV-2 NP Ab ELISA kit is an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) for the detection and qualitative measurement of total antibodies against the nucleocapsid protein (NP) of SARS-CoV-2 virus in human blood.

This product is intended for use by professional persons only.

SUMMARY

In December 2019, a novel coronavirus, now officially named as severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), has been identified in Wuhan China, which caused the outbreak of a coronavirus-associated acute respiratory disease called coronavirus disease 19 (COVID-19). Signs and symptoms of COVID-19 may occur 2 to 14 days after infection, which include fever, cough, shortness of breath or difficulties in breathing, pain in the muscle and tiredness. In severe cases, the infection can further lead to pneumonia, severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS), kidney failure and death.

Nucleocapsid protein (NP) is the most abundant protein on the helical nucleocapsid of coronaviruses, which envelopes the entire genomic RNA. NP also interacts with other viral structural proteins to play important roles during host cell entry and virus particle assembly and release. Anti-NP antibodies have been shown to be the earliest and the most predominant antibodies detectable in patient's blood samples after coronavirus infection.

ASSAY PRINCIPLE

ImmunoDiagnostics SARS-CoV-2 NP Ab ELISA kit is a two-step incubation immunoassay kit. Recombinant nucleocapsid protein (NP) of SARS-CoV-2 pre-coated onto the polystyrene microwell strips can specifically recognize anti-NP antibodies in human serum or plasma specimens. After a 1-hour incubation, anti-NP antibodies are captured by immobilized NP protein while the unbound components are washed away. Afterwards, a detection solution containing HRP-conjugated NP is added for another 1-hour incubation, wherein HRP-conjugated NP binds to the total antibodies previously bound to NP protein on the plate. After removal of nonspecific bindings, a HRP substrate solution containing 3,3',5,5'-Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) is added, resulting in the formation of a blue color. Color reaction is stopped by 2M H₂SO₄, transforming the blue color to yellow signals, which is quantified by an absorbance microplate reader at 450nm. The color intensity is proportional to the amount of anti-NP total antibodies captured inside the wells.

SUPPLIED REAGENTS AND MATERIALS

A	SARS-CoV-2 NP coated ELISA plate	12 strips of 8 wells (96 wells in total) in a white strip holder and sealed in a foil bag with desiccant. Each well contains recombinant NP of SARS-CoV-2. The microwell strips can be used separately. Place unused wells or strips in the provided plastic sealable storage bag together with the
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		desiccant and return to 2-8°C. Once opened, stable for 4 weeks at 2-8°C.
B	5x Assay Buffer	1 x 20 ml
C	10x Wash Buffer	1 x 40 ml
D	100x Detection Solution	1 x 0.12 ml
E	Substrate Solution	1 x 12 ml
F	Stop Solution	1 x 12 ml
G	Blank Control	1 x 1 ml
H	Positive Control (anti-NP IgG&IgM)	1 vial

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Pipettes and pipette tips.
- 96-well plate or manual strip washer.
- Buffer and reagent reservoirs.
- Paper towels or absorbent paper.
- A microplate reader capable of reading absorbency at 450 nm.
- Distilled water or deionized water.

STORAGE AND PREPARATION OF TEST SAMPLES

- Test samples are suggested to be assayed immediately after separation of serum or plasma, or preferably stored frozen (-20°C or

below) in aliquots. Multiple freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided. Duplicate test is recommended.

- Serum or plasma specimens with EDTA, sodium citrate or heparin can be tested. Highly lipaemic, icteric, or hemolytic specimens are not recommended. Specimens with visible microbial contamination should not be used.
- When required, vortex test serum or plasma samples at room temperature to ensure homogeneity. Then centrifuge samples at 10,000 to 15,000 rpm for 5 minutes prior to assay to remove particulates. Please do not omit this centrifugation step if samples are cloudy and containing particles.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- The kit is stable until the expiry date only when stored at 2-8°C in sealed foil pouches. The expiry date is the last day of the month stated on the foil pouch and kit container.
- The kit should be stored at 2-8°C upon receipt, and all reagents should be equilibrated to room temperature before use. Remove any unused antigen-coated strips from the microplate, return them to the foil pouch and re-seal. Once opened, the strips may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month. To assure maximum performance, protect the reagents from contamination with microorganism or chemicals during storage.
- Store the positive control at 4 degrees, up to 3 months.

PREPARATION OF REAGENTS SUPPLIED

1. 1×Assay buffer.

Prepare 1x assay buffer by mixing the 5x assay buffer (20 ml) with 80 ml of distilled water or deionized water. **【 CAUTION!!! 】 If precipitates are observed in the 5x assay buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. Incomplete dissolution will lead to high background.** The 1x assay buffer may be stored at 2- 8°C for up to one month.

2. 1xWash buffer

Prepare 1xWash buffer by mixing the 10xWash buffer (40ml) with 360ml of distilled water or deionized water. **【 CAUTION!!! 】 If precipitates are observed in the 10xWash buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. Incomplete dissolution will lead to high background.** The 1xWash buffer may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month.

3. 1x Detection solution

Spin down the 100×Detection solution briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:100 with 1×Assay buffer, 100 µl of the 1×Detection solution is required per well. **Prepare only as much 1×Detection solution as needed.** Return the 100×Detection solution to 2-8°C immediately after the necessary volume is removed.

4. Preparation of positive control

Centrifuge it briefly before open the tube. Add 200µl 1xAssay Buffer into each tube and mix thoroughly.

SAMPLE PREPARATION

Serum or plasma sample requires a 100-fold dilution in the 1×Assay buffer. A suggested dilution step is to add 10 µl of sample to 990 µl of 1×Assay buffer.

ASSAY PROCEDURES

Please equilibrate all the reagents to room temperature (20-25°C) for at least 30 minutes before use.

<p>Step 1</p>	<p>Adding controls and specimen: Add 100µl of Specimen, 100µl of Blank Control and 100µl of Positive Control into their respective wells. Duplicate test is recommended. Note: Use a separate disposal pipette tip for each test to avoid cross-contamination. Mix by tapping the plate gently.</p>
<p>Step 2</p>	<p>Incubation: Cover the plate and incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.</p>
<p>Step 3</p>	<p>Washing: Discard the content and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual solution in each well. Add 300 µl of 1×Wash buffer to each well and incubate for 1 minute. Discard the 1×Wash buffer and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual wash buffer. Repeat the wash step for a total 3 washes.</p>
<p>Step 4</p>	<p>Adding HRP-conjugated Detection Solution: Add 100 µl of 1×Detection Solution to each well.</p>

Step 5	Incubation: Cover the plate and incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
Step 6	Washing: Wash each well 4 times as described in step 3.
Step 7	Colouring: Add 100 µl of Substrate solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes. Protect from light.
Step 8	Stopping Reaction: Add 100 µl of Stop solution to each well, gently tap the plate frame for a few seconds to ensure thorough mixing.
Step 9	Measurement: Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm immediately. Note: read the absorbance within 10 minutes after stopping the reaction.

QUALITY CONTROL

Each microplate should be considered separately when calculating and interpreting the results of the assay, regardless of the number of plates concurrently processed.

The test results are valid if the Quality Control criteria are fulfilled. It is recommended that each laboratory must establish appropriate quality

control system with quality control material similar to or identical with the patient specimen being analyzed.

- The Absorbance value of the Blank Control should be < 0.170 at 450nm.
- The Absorbance value of the Positive Control should be > 0.500 at 450nm.

TYPICAL RESULTS (Examples only)

Samples	OD450
Negative Control	0.198
	0.177
Positive Control	0.868
	0.827
Serum from healthy subjects	0.207
	0.175
	0.223
Serum from COVID-19 patients	3.656
	0.754
	0.362

SUGGESTED CUT-OFF VALUE

Absorbance 450nm	Indication
< 0.25	Negative
≥ 0.25	Positive

This Cut-off value has been validated in ImmunoDiagnostics, however, it is highly recommended that each laboratory should establish its own normal and pathological reference range for anti-NP total antibodies. Furthermore, it is also recommended that each laboratory should include its own panel of control samples in the assay.

RECOMMENDED INTERPRETATIONS OF THE RESULTS

Negative Result (sample's absorbance/cut-off ≤ 0.9):

- Test result is negative when the ratio between sample's absorbance to cut-off value is equal to or less than 0.9. Negative result indicates that no SARS-CoV-2 NP antibodies have been detected with ImmunoDiagnostics SARS-CoV-2 NP Ab ELISA, therefore no serological indication of COVID-19 currently or in the past.

Positive Result (sample's absorbance/cut-off ≥ 1.1):

- Test result is positive when the ratio between sample's absorbance to cut-off value is equal to or more than 1.1. Positive result indicates that SARS-CoV-2 NP antibodies have been detected using ImmunoDiagnostics SARS-CoV-2 NP Ab ELISA and can be used as serological indications of COVID-19 at the time of testing or in the past.

Borderline Result (sample's absorbance/cut-off = 0.9-1.1):

- Test result is considered as borderline result when the ratio between sample's absorbance to cut-off value is between 0.9 and 1.1. Samples with borderline results are uninterpretable at the time of testing. It is highly suggested to integrate other clinical and laboratory data before

diagnosis, as the clinical diagnosis should not be established based on a single kind of test only.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Sensitivity	93.33% (n=60)
Specificity	95% (n=180)
Inter Assay Precision	
Samples	CV
1	5.26%
2	4.95%
3	6.11%
Intra Assay Precision	
Samples	CV
1	5.73%
2	4.51%
3	6.68%

- Clinical validation study of ImmunoDiagnostics SARS-CoV-2 NP Ab ELISA was conducted in 2020 in Shenzhen, China. Samples were collected from COVID-19 confirmed cases with clinical symptoms, laboratory abnormalities or pulmonary imaging manifestations. No tests have been performed on specimens from latent infections or patients in the incubation period. The kit showed higher positive detection rate in specimens from patients with delayed onset. Therefore, the interpretation of the test results should consider the specimen’s collection time.

PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY

The ELISA assays are time and temperature sensitive. To avoid incorrect result, strictly follow the test procedure steps and do not modify them.

1. Do not exchange reagents from different lots or use reagents from other commercially available kits. The components of the kit are precisely matched for optimal performance of the tests.
2. Make sure that all reagents are within the validity indicated on the kit box and of the same lot. Never use reagents beyond their expiry date stated on labels or boxes.
3. **CAUTION - CRITICAL STEP:** Allow the reagents and specimens to reach room temperature (20-25°C) before use. Shake reagent gently before use. Return at 2-8°C immediately after use.
4. Use only sufficient volume of specimen as indicated in the procedure steps. Failure to do so, may cause low sensitivity of the assay.
5. Do not touch the exterior bottom of the wells; fingerprints or scratches may interfere with the reading. When reading the results, ensure that the plate bottom is dry and there are no air bubbles inside the wells.
6. Never allow the microplate wells to dry after the washing step. Immediately proceed to the next step. Avoid the formation of air bubbles when adding the reagents.
7. Avoid long time interruptions of assay steps. Assure same working conditions for all wells.
8. Calibrate the pipette frequently to assure the accuracy of specimens/reagents dispensing. Use different disposal pipette tips for each specimen and reagents in order to avoid cross-contaminations.

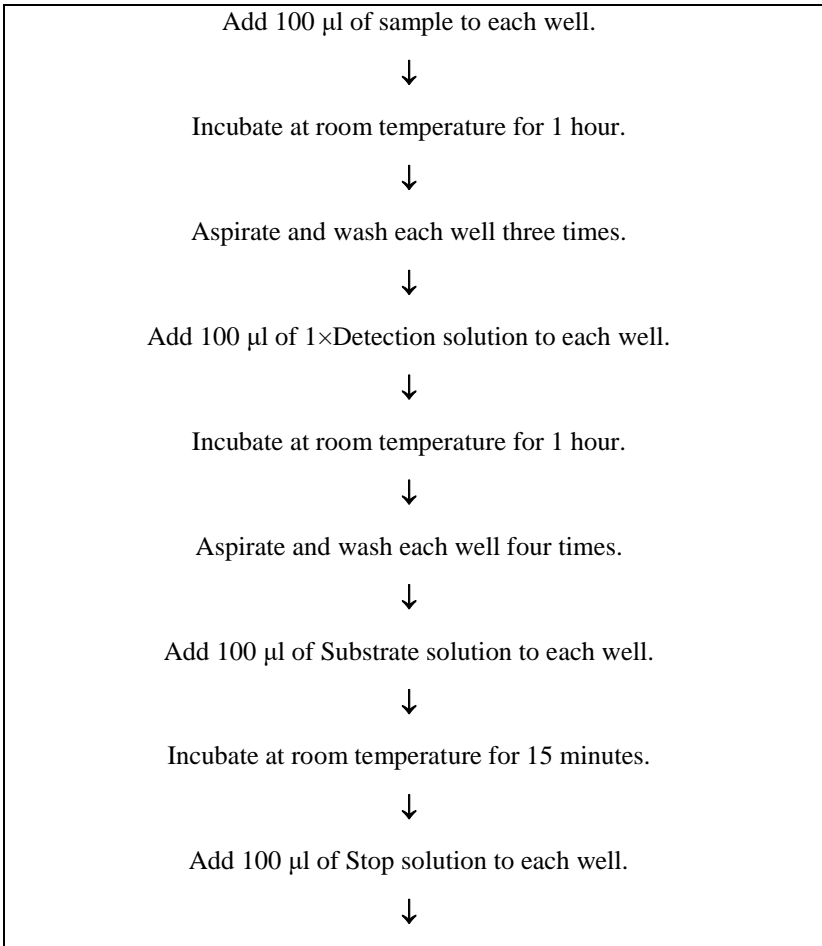
9. When adding specimens, do not touch the well's bottom with the pipette tip.
10. When measuring with a plate reader, determine the absorbance at 450nm.
11. The enzymatic activity of the HRP-conjugate might be affected from dust and reactive chemical and substances like sodium hypochlorite, acids, alkalis etc. Do not perform the assay in the presence of these substances.
12. All specimens from human origin should be considered as potentially infectious. Strict adherence to GLP (Good Laboratory Practice) regulations can ensure the personal safety.
13. Never eat, drink, smoke, or apply cosmetics in the assay laboratory. Never pipette solutions by mouth.
14. Chemical should be handled and disposed of only in accordance with the current GLP (Good Laboratory Practices) and the local or national regulations.
15. The pipette tips, vials, strips and specimen containers should be collected and autoclaved for not less than 2 hours at 121°C or treated with 10% sodium hypochlorite for 30 minutes to decontaminate before any further steps of disposal. Solutions containing sodium hypochlorite should NEVER be autoclaved. Materials Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) available upon request.
16. Some reagents may cause toxicity, irritation, burns or have carcinogenic effect as raw materials. Contact with the skin and the

mucosa should be avoided but not limited to the following reagents: the Stop solution, the Substrate solution, and the Wash buffer.

17. The Stop solution 2M H₂SO₄ is an acid. Use it with appropriate care. Wipe up spills immediately and wash with water if come into contact with the skin or eyes.

18. ProClinTM 300 0.1% used as preservative, can cause sensation of the skin. Wipe up spills immediately or wash with water if come into contact with the skin or eyes.

SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE



Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm.



Calculation and Interpretation

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